### Restoring A Wayward Believer; James 5:19-20 (Ed O'Leary; 10/27/19)

<u>James Ends His Letter ~ With An Encouragement ~ To Seek Out And Bring Back ~ Wayward</u> Believers.

NIV  $^{19a}$  My brothers and sisters,  $\sim$   $^{19b}$  if one of you should wander from the truth  $\sim$   $^{19c}$  and someone should bring that person back,  $\sim$   $^{20a}$  remember this:  $\sim$   $^{20b}$  Whoever turns a sinner  $\sim$  from the error of their way will  $\sim$  save them from death  $\sim$  and cover over a multitude of sins.

But before we unpack these 2 vv, ~ we need ~ to cover a number of preliminary matters.

- ▶▶5 ~ to be exact.
- ▶ Need to do this  $\sim\sim$  in order  $\sim$  to make sure  $\sim$  we get a good understanding  $\sim$  of what James is saying.  $\Rightarrow\Rightarrow$  Technical . . . .

### The 1st ~ Preliminary Matter.

While James' underlying intent ~~ is to mobilize a rescue mission to erring believers, ~~ there is no direct appeal to action.

- $\blacktriangleright \blacktriangleright$  To be precise,  $\sim$  he does not  $\sim$  directly exhort us  $\sim$  to seek out and bring back the wayward.
- ▶Rather,  $\sim$  he motivates us by giving us  $\sim$  the incentive  $\sim$  for doing so.
  - $\triangleright \triangleright$  And i.e., ~ the results ~ of such a mission.
- ▶▶Namely, ~ if effective, ~~ it will achieve 2 things.
  - $\triangleright \triangleright 1^{st}$ , ~ it will ~ save the erring brother/sister from death. 1/12

 $\triangleright \triangleright$  And  $2^{nd}$ , ~ it will bring about ~ the forgiveness ~ of many sins.

## Now The 2<sup>nd</sup> Preliminary Matter.

Notice that ~ restoration ~ is the goal, ~~ and not ~ condemnation.

▶ Paul expresses the same thought in Gal. 6: ~ 1a (NET).

>> Brothers and sisters, ~~ if a person ~ [i.e., ~ if another believer] ~ is discovered in some sin, ~ you who are spiritual ~ restore such a person ~ in a spirit of gentleness.

► You who are spiritual.

 $\triangleright \triangleright I.e.$ , ~ believers who walk by the Spirit, ~ and who are mature in the faith.

▶▶In a spirit ~ of gentleness.

 $\triangleright \triangleright G$ entleness of attitude and behavior,  $\sim$  in contrast with harshness  $\sim$  in one's dealings with others.

→ gentleness, ~~ humility, ~~ courtesy, ~~ considerateness, ~~ meekness.

# The 3<sup>rd</sup> Preliminary Matter.

James does not give us any insight  $\sim$  as to how  $\sim$  to mount the rescue mission.

- ▶▶But, ~ coming on the heels of his section on prayer, ~~ I think that we can logically deduce  $\sim$  that prayer  $\sim$  is a major component.
- ▶►Meaning, ~ of course ~~ sincere, serious prayer, ~~ expressed ~ with utter confidence in God.  $\frac{2}{12}$

▶▶Utter confidence in God ~ meaning 2 things.

 $\triangleright \triangleright 1^{st}$ , ~ that God will heed our prayer, ~ and ~ grant it ~ or ~ only in his superior wisdom ~ deny it.

 $\triangleright$  And 2<sup>nd</sup>, ~~ that God ~ is who he says he is, ~~ that he ~ is generous ~~ and ~ that he ~ gives without any ~ negative, ~ critical, ~ or discouraging ~ response.

Furthermore,  $\sim$  James 5:  $\sim$  19-20  $\sim$  does not give instructions on what to do  $\sim\sim$  in case the believer  $\sim$  does not return and repent.

► However, ~~ instructions for that ~~ can be found in ~ e.g., ~ Matt. 18: ~ 15-20; ~~ 1 Cor. 5: ~ 1-5; ~ and ~ Titus 3: ~ 9-11.

And,  $\sim$  in Gal. 6:  $\sim$  1b  $\sim$  Paul provides a warning for the rescuer  $\sim$  that is also absent from James 5.

▶▶(NIV) But watch yourselves, ~~ or you also ~ may be tempted.

## The 4<sup>th</sup> Preliminary Matter.

Some translations confusing.

▶▶NIV has a very good translation.

 $\triangleright$ NIV <sup>19a</sup> My brothers and sisters, ~ <sup>19b</sup> if one of you should wander from the truth ~~ <sup>19c</sup> and someone should bring that person back, ~~ <sup>20a</sup> remember this: ~~ <sup>20b</sup> Whoever turns a sinner ~ from the error of their way will ~ save them from death ~ and cover over a multitude of sins. 3/12

### And Now The 5th And Final Preliminary Matter.

More time on this one ~ than the other preliminary matters.

Restoring wayward Christians ~ or ~ saving non-Christians?

▶▶I firmly believe ~ that James is talking about ~ restoring wayward believers.

⊳For at least ~ 4 reasons.

Reason #1, ~~ the phrases ~~ Brothers and sisters ~~ and ~~ if one of you.

▶▶These phrases ~ mark this concluding topic ~~ as expressed ~ to believers ~ about believers.

 $\triangleright$  Idea: ~~~ If one of you, ~ brothers and sisters, ~ should wander from the truth ~ [or, ~ from God].

Reason #2,  $\sim$  keep in mind  $\sim$  James' overall purpose for writing.

▶▶And i.e., ~ to instill ~ correct thinking ~ and right behavior ~ in believers.

 $\triangleright$  Even in address to rich unbelievers ~ in 5: ~ 1-6 . . . .

Reason #3,  $\sim$  wd sinner  $\sim$  is used one other time in James  $\sim$  and refers to believers.

▶▶4: ~8c, ~~ Cleanse your hands, ~ you sinners.

 $\triangleright$ Recall, ~ wanted believers ~ to get rid of ~ all sinful habits ~ & ~ live godly lives. 4/12

Consequently, ~ not far-fetched ~ to suppose ~ James is also using it this way ~ here in ~ 5: ~ 19-20.
→ That is to say, ~ to refer to ~ a sinning believer.

Reason #4, ~ the only other time James uses the word ~ death, ~ it refers to believers.

►► And i.e. ~ 1: ~ 13-15.

>>I.e., ~ his discussion ~ of the trajectory of sin ~ in a believer's life.

>> There ~ death ~ referred ~ to consequences suffered ~ in this life.

>> Metaphorically, ~ sin can lead ~ to all kinds of death.

 $\rightarrow$  Unchecked sin ~ can kill your marriage. ~~~ It can kill ~ your career. ~~~ It can kill ~ your relationships with others.

→ Unchecked sin ~ can kill your testimony. ~~~ It will kill ~ your spiritual life. ~~~ It will kill ~ your spiritual ministry.

- ▶▶Plus, ~ according to the wider context of NT ~ literally ~ sin can lead to physical death.
- ▶▶ Most likely ~ James is basically also using death ~ in relation to believers in ~ 5: ~ 19-20.
- ▶▶Eternal spiritual death ~ cannot be meant then.

 $\triangleright$  Consequently it means ~~ metaphorical ~ and/or physical ~ death. 5/12

As a result of these reasons,  $\sim$  it is best  $\sim$  to understand James  $\sim$  as talking about  $\sim$  restoring a wayward believer to fellowship.

Having Laid A Foundation ~ With These 5 Preliminary Matters, ~ Let's Unpack ~ James 5: ~ 19-20.

For context, ~ revisit the vv as a whole.

▶NIV  $^{19a}$  My brothers and sisters,  $^{19b}$  if one of you should wander from the truth  $^{19c}$  and someone should bring that person back,  $^{20a}$  remember this:  $^{20b}$  Whoever turns a sinner  $^{20b}$  from the error of their way will  $^{20a}$  save them from death  $^{20a}$  and cover over a multitude of sins.

James Begins In Vs 19a, ~ With The Familiar ~ (NIV) My Brothers And Sisters.

This phrase ~ marks this concluding topic ~ as expressed ~ with loving warmth and sympathetic concern.

- ▶▶Again, ~ James has ~ our spiritual welfare ~ at heart.
- ▶▶He wants us ~ to grow and succeed spiritually.
- ▶▶His harsh words in places ~ are to be looked at ~ as acts of love.
- $\blacktriangleright \blacktriangleright$  As Solomon tells us in Proverbs,  $\sim$  we can trust a friend  $\sim$  who corrects us.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$  But the kisses from an enemy ~ are nothing ~ but lies (Prov. 27). 6/12

If one of you, ~ brothers and sisters, ~ should wander from the truth.

- ►► Most likely ~ James has in mind here ~ believers wandering ~ away from God ~ and into ~ sin and/or doctrinal error.
  - $\triangleright$  This fits theologically w/ other texts ~~ about confronting and restoring believers ~~ who have fallen into sin or error.
  - >> There are many ~ narrative accounts of this ~ throughout Scripture.
    - → E.g., ~~ 2 Sam. 12 . . . .
- ▶▶In his hypothetical ~ but quite possible ~ scenario, ~ James is not ~ talking about ~~ an accidental or unconscious ~ departure from the truth.
  - $\triangleright \triangleright$  In a sense ~ one might stray ~ away from his knowledge of mathematics or science ~ through forgetfulness.
  - $\triangleright \triangleright$  But James is speaking of  $\sim$  knowing the good  $\sim$  but failing to do it.
    - $\triangleright$ It is sin ~ to know what you ought to do ~ and then not do it.
- $\blacktriangleright \blacktriangleright$  Additionally,  $\sim$  this seems to be  $\sim$  a serious departure  $\sim$  from the faith,  $\sim$  not  $\sim$  an occasional  $\sim$  slip into sin.

<u>James Continues In Vs 19c (NIV).</u>

(NIV) And someone should bring that person back. 7/12

Vb for  $\sim$  should bring back  $\sim$  refers here  $\sim$  to a  $\sim$  turning back to God  $\sim$  from whom  $\sim$  one has strayed.

▶▶Jesus, ~ Lk. 22: ~ 31-32 (NIV).

 $\triangleright$  (NIV) <sup>31</sup> "Simon, ~ Simon, ~ Satan has asked ~~ to sift all of you ~ as wheat. ~~ <sup>32</sup> But I have prayed for you, ~ Simon, ~ that your faith ~ may not fail. ~~ And when you <u>have</u> turned back, ~ strengthen your brothers.

Notice,  $\sim$  James is implying  $\sim$  that we have a responsibility  $\sim$  to do what we can  $\sim\sim$  to restore  $\sim$  an erring believer to fellowship.

- ▶▶And not ~ to let them slip through the cracks.
- ▶▶To answer Cain's question, ~~ am I my brother's keeper?
  - $\triangleright$  Yes, ~ we are responsible ~ to look after and care ~ for our fellow believers.
- ▶▶Phil. 2:4 (CSB), ~~ Everyone ~ [i.e., ~ every believer] ~ should look out ~ not only ~ for his own interests, ~~ but also ~ for the interests of others ~ [i.e., ~ brothers & sisters . . . .].

>>Here's Paul's point.

- $\rightarrow$  We are not ~ to make our needs and concerns ~ a priority ~ to the exclusion ~ of our fellow believers' needs and concerns.
- $\rightarrow$  Our sphere of concern  $\sim$  should be broader  $\sim$  than ourselves.
  - $\rightarrow \rightarrow$  And it should include  $\sim$  the needs and concerns  $\sim$  of our brothers and sisters  $\sim$  in Christ.
- $\triangleright$ Including ~ doing all we can ~ to restore ~ an erring believer to fellowship. 8/12

<u>In Vs 20a (NIV)</u>, ~ James Calls Our Attention ~ To Remember ~ The Results Of A Successful Restoration.

(NIV) Remember this.

- ▶►IOW, ~~ don't ~ forget this.
- ► Keep in mind, ~ James says, ~ what the results will be ~ when a wayward believer ~ is restored ~ to fellowship with God.

In Vs 20b (NIV), ~ James Notes ~ Two Results ~ Of A Successful Rescue Mission.

This ~ is a statement ~ of assurance.

- ▶▶That is to say, ~~ we can be sure ~ of these results ~ when a wandering believer ~ turns back to God.
- $\blacktriangleright$  (NIV) ~~~ Whoever ~ turns a sinner ~ from the error of their way ~ will ~~ ① ~ save them from death ~~ and ~~ ② ~ cover over a multitude of sins.
- ▶▶This is great encouragement. ~~~ And we need to tell them. ~~~ They can be restored!

The 1st ~ Assured Result ~ Of A Successful Rescue Mission.

The rescuer will save them ~ [i.e., ~ the wayward believer] ~ from death.

- ▶▶James 1: ~ 13-15, ~ is central ~ to understanding ~ what is meant here.
  - $\triangleright$  Touched on this earlier this a.m. ~~~ Here we'll ~ review and expand on it. 9/12

- ▶▶In ~ 1: ~ 13-15 ~~ James informs us ~ that believers ~ are susceptible to temptation, ~~ which leads ~ to sin and finally death.
- ▶ Death ~ in 1: ~ 15 ~ as we know, ~ does not mean ~ eternal separation from God.
- ▶ What it does mean ~ is the loss of everything ~ that one might think of ~ with regard to life.
  - $\triangleright$ I.e., ~~ fellowship with God, ~~ meaningful relationships with others, ~~ fruitful labor, ~~ joy, ~~ health and strength, ~~ peace, ~~ and ~~ even physical life.
- ▶ That a Christian can experience this kind of death  $\sim$  even while still physically living  $\sim$  is clear from Rom.  $\sim$  6 8.
- ▶▶Notice Paul's instructions ~ to the Corinthian church ~ regarding the sinning believer.
  - $\triangleright$ 1 Cor. 5: ~ 5 (NIV), ~ Hand this man over to Satan ~ for the destruction of the flesh, ~~ so that ~ his spirit may be saved ~ on the day of the Lord.
- ► Moreover, ~ Acts 5: ~ 1-11 ~ and ~ 1 Cor. 11: ~ 30 ~ make clear ~~ that a Christian ~ may experience physical death as well, ~ as a result of sin.
  - $\triangleright \triangleright$  And in his 1<sup>st</sup> epistle, ~ John says that ~~ There is sin ~ that leads to death.
- My . . .,  $\sim$  our sin will  $\sim$  not result  $\sim$  in eternal separation from God.
  - ▶▶And that ~ is only because ~ of our faith in Jesus.
  - ►► However, ~ in this life ~ sinning can result in ~~ discipline, ~~ suffering, ~~ pain, ~~ distancing ourselves from God, ~~ quenching his Spirit, ~~ and even death. 10/12

### The 2<sup>nd</sup> Assured Result ~ Of A Successful Rescue Mission.

A multitude ~ of the rescued believer's sins ~ will be covered.

▶▶I.e., ~ removed from sight.

There is a likely connection here  $\sim$  to Ps. 32:  $\sim$  1.

▶ Blessed is the one ~ whose transgression is forgiven, ~ whose sin is covered.

 $\triangleright \triangleright Also$ , ~~ Oh, what joy ~ for those ~ whose disobedience ~ is forgiven, ~ whose  $sin \sim is$  put out of sight!

▶▶Ps. 32: ~ 3-4 (NLT) ~ describe the experience ~ of physical suffering ~ on the part of David ~ who has walked away from the Lord.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$  Agony he was in when sin unconfessed.

 $\triangleright$  When I refused to confess my sin, ~~ my body wasted away, ~ and I groaned all day long. ~~ Day and night ~ your hand of discipline ~ was heavy on me. ~~ My strength evaporated ~ like water ~ in the summer heat.

- ▶► And the psalm also describes ~~ the blessings of experiencing full and free forgiveness ~ for all the sins that have been committed.
- ▶ David exclaims, ~ Oh, ~ what joy ~ for those ~~ whose disobedience ~ is forgiven, ~ whose sin ~ is put out of sight!

This  $\sim$  is the promise of grace  $\sim$  that James says is available  $\sim$  to those  $\sim$  who have walked away from the Lord. 11/12

- ▶ Prov. 28:13 (NIV), ~~~ Whoever ~ conceals their sins ~ does not prosper, ~~ but the one ~ who confesses and renounces them ~ finds mercy.
- ▶▶Ps. 32: ~ 5 (NIV), ~~~ Then I acknowledged my sin to you ~~ and did not cover up my iniquity. ~~~ I said, ~~ "I will confess my transgressions to the Lord." ~~~ And you forgave ~ the guilt ~ of my sin.

It is traditionally thought ~ that ~ Ps. 32 ~ is connected ~ to David's sin with Bathsheba.

- ▶▶This adds further depth ~ to the parallel between James 5: ~ 20 and Ps. 32: ~ 1.
- ▶▶David wandered away from the Lord ~ through the sins ~ of adultery and murder.
- ▶▶The prophet Nathan was the one ~ who turned him back.
- ▶▶This is what James is urging us believers to do.
  - $\triangleright$  $\vdash$ He wants us ~ to care enough about wayward believers ~ to help rescue them ~~ from sin and death.

The use of ~ multitude, ~ in vs 20b, ~ lets the us know the following

- ▶ No matter how many sins ~ have been committed in walking away from the Lord,  $\sim$  they are all ~ taken away ~ when one turns back to God.
- ightharpoonup And that  $\sim$  is good news!

And with that  $\sim$  bit of good news,  $\sim$  we close our study  $\sim$  of James' letter. 12/12