THE PERSON & WORK OF CHRIST, PT. 1; COL. 1:15a-b (Ed O'Leary)

### INTRODUCTION.

TODAY, ~ WE BEGIN THE NEXT MAJOR PARAGRAPH OF COLOSSIANS.

▶ Paul's mention of Jesus in verses 13-14, ~ leads to a discussion in verses 15-20 ~ about the Person and work of Jesus.

▶ This paragraph ~ is one of the most, ~ if not the most, ~ definitive passages on the Person and work of Jesus in all of Scripture.

# IN THIS PARAGRAPH, ~ PROFOUND AND SWEEPING ASSERTIONS ARE MADE ABOUT the Person and work of Jesus.

TO AID US IN KNOWING WHY PAUL ADDED THESE ASSERTIONS ABOUT JESUS, ~ recall why Paul wrote this letter.

▶ Recall that false teaching was threatening the church in Colossae. ~~ And Paul wrote to refute the false teachers.

## AND HERE ARE SOME OF THE SPECIFICS BEFORE WE GET INTO THE DETAILS OF THE 9.

▶ The false teachers ~ emphasized ~ the supremacy of knowledge ~ and that salvation came through knowledge, ~ and not by faith.

 $\triangleright$  This knowledge was attained ~ through astrology and magic ~ 77

- and was available ~ only ~ to those who had been initiated into the Gnostic system.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ In contrast, ~ in this paragraph, ~ Paul openly proclaimed the way of salvation ~ to be through Christ alone. 1113

▶ The false teachers taught that ~ all matter is inherently evil ~ and only the spiritual and nonmaterial is ~ of itself ~ good.

 $\triangleright$  This led to the idea ~ that God could not have created the world ~ and would have no contact with it.  $\Rightarrow \Rightarrow$  Expand on this next week. ~~ So that's all I'll say about this now.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$  And based on their belief that all matter is evil, ~ the heretics taught that ~ God, ~ in Christ, ~ never could have become a human person.

 $\rightarrow$  Their thinking was, ~ if matter is evil, ~ how could God ~ ever be united ~ with a human body?

→→Thus ~ the heretics denied ~ either ~ the humanity ~ or the deity ~ of Christ.

→→In their view, ~ he couldn't have been both.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ Paul proclaimed that Jesus was God in the flesh ~ and that he created the universe.

▶ The heretics said that Christ was not the unique Son of God ~ 77

>>but rather one of many intermediaries between God and people.

 $\rightarrow$  Paul shows that ~ to be totally unbiblical.

## FALSE TEACHERS ~ IN EVERY AGE ~ TRY TO REDEFINE JESUS.

▶ They proclaim a Jesus ~ who is <u>not</u> the Jesus of the Bible.

▶▶E.g., ~ false teachers preach a Jesus who is not quite God and never quite saves, ~ as the cults teach.

 $\triangleright \triangleright A$  Jesus who wants you healthy and wealthy, ~ as preached by many televangelists.

 $\rightarrow$   $\rightarrow$  Or a Jesus whom you ask into your life to make you feel good. 11 2/13

▶▶In Galatians, ~ Paul has a stern warning for those who preach a different Jesus.

 $\triangleright \triangleright Gal. \sim 1: \sim 8-9, \sim$  "But even if we or an angel from heaven should preach to you a gospel contrary to the one we preached to you, ~ let him be accursed."

>> Then, ~ in case we didn't get it the first time, ~ "As we have said before, ~ so now I say again: ~~ If anyone is preaching to you a gospel contrary to the one you received, ~ let him be accursed."

→→ "accursed" ~ means a person or thing doomed to destruction. ⇒⇒ 2 Jn. 7-11 ....

IN SUMMARY, ~ THE HERETICS WERE ATTACKING AND DISTORTING THE PERSON AND work of Christ.

▶ And in this paragraph, ~ Col. ~ 1: ~ 15-20, ~ Paul lays out the truth about the Person and work of Jesus.

 $\blacktriangleright$  He presents ten assertions about Jesus' Person and work.  $\Rightarrow \Rightarrow 1^{st}$  two today.

# WE LOOK TO VERSE 15a ~ FOR THE FIRST ASSERTION ABOUT THE PERSON AND work of Jesus.

HE IS THE IMAGE OF THE INVISIBLE GOD.  $\Rightarrow \Rightarrow$  Now, ~ this is very hard to understand.

►►And boiling it down to include in a 30+-minute message, ~ 77

>>> which gives us something like 15 minutes or so on it, ~ probably does not do it justice.

▶▶But hopefully by how I explain this ~ it will make sense to you.

►►Also, ~ because of the nature of this, ~ it will get a little technical.

▶ Basically, ~ we can say that I'll get you started on this, ~ and you can study it more fully on your own. 11 3/13

▶▶In an emphatic declaration in his gospel, ~ John says, ~ " God ~ no one has seen at any time."

▶▶In 1 Tim., ~ Paul wrote ~ that God "alone has immortality, ~ who dwells in unapproachable light, ~ whom no one has ever seen or can see.

▶▶In his essential being, ~ God is invisible to the human eye.

YET THERE ARE OT PASSAGES THAT EXPLICITLY AFFIRM ~ THAT SOME PEOPLE HAVE seen God.

▶▶ "Ah" says the critic, ~ see ~ the Bible contradicts itself."

 $\triangleright \triangleright \mathsf{Our}$  answer to him, ~ "not at all."

▶ What they saw ~ were theophanies, ~ or perhaps more accurately, ~ Christophanies ~ 77

Depreincarnate appearances of Jesus in visible form ~ for the purpose of communication.

▶ When God Himself spoke to man, ~ 77

>>> he used anthropomorphic expressions, ~ such as hands and eyes, ~ to describe His strength and sight.

▶ These divine manifestations were unique and temporary.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$  They did not and could not ~ reveal God's essential being.

IN HIS ESSENTIAL BEING, ~ GOD IS INVISIBLE TO THE HUMAN EYE.

▶ What does Paul mean by ~ Jesus "is the image of the invisible God"? 11 4/13

▶▶In our language, ~ we probably have in mind a copy of something.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ In our thinking ~ an image is not the reality, ~ only a copy of it.

▶▶A photograph is an image captured of some reality, ~ maybe a sunset or mountain scene.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ It is not actually the sunset or mountain scene ~ but an image of it.

**\blacktriangleright** But, ~ what may be true in our language ~ can be completely different in the Greek used in the NT.

▶▶In Greek thought ~ an image shared in the reality of what it represents.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ Indeed, ~ it is the reality.

→→The symbol brought into focus the actual presence of the object it represented.

▶▶IOW, ~ Jesus didn't just represent God. ~~ Jesus is the very presence of God.

>>In his paraphrase of the NT, ~ J. B. Philips put it this way: ~~ Christ is the visible expression of the invisible God.

THIS IDEA OF "IMAGE" ~ IS SIMILAR TO THE WORDS USED BY JOHN IN THE OPENING of His gospel.

▶▶John ~ 1: ~ 1, 14a ~ "In the beginning was the Word, ~ and the Word was with God, ~ and the Word was God . . . And the Word became flesh and dwelt among us."

▶▶Jesus, who is God the Son, ~ is equal with God the Father.

▶▶Jesus is God in human form, ~ the visible expression of the invisible God.

▶ The unseen God became seen, ~ when God the Son, ~ the 2<sup>nd</sup> Person of the Trinity, ~ became human and took up residence among us. ↓↓ 5/13

all the emphasis ~ is on the equality of the image with the original.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ Jesus, ~ himself, ~ shows us both his equality ~ and the fact that he is the visible expression of the invisible God.

 $\Rightarrow$   $\Rightarrow$  Jn. ~ 10: ~ 30, ~ I and the Father are one.

→→And in Jn. ~ 14: ~ 9a, ~ responding to Philip's request to see the Father,  $\Rightarrow \Rightarrow$  "Jesus said to him, ~ "Have I been with you so long, ~ and you still do not know me, ~ Philip? ~~ Whoever has seen me ~ has seen the Father."

ANOTHER PARALLEL PASSAGE TO PAUL'S STATEMENT IN verse 15a of Col. 1 ~ is Heb. 1:3a.

► the author writes that Jesus ~ " is the radiance of the glory of God and the exact imprint of his nature."

▶ That is to say, ~ Jesus has all the brightness of God's own glory ~ and is exactly like God the Father in every way.

AND ANOTHER PARALLEL PASSAGE TO PAUL'S STATEMENT IN VERSE 15a of Colossians 1 is found in Jn. ~ 1: ~ 18. Lit. Trans.

► God ~ no one has seen at any time, ~ the one and only God, ~ the one who is in the bosom of the Father ~ [means, ~ who is in closest fellowship with the Father], ~ 77

DD that one ~ [emphatic, ~ meaning "he and no other"] ~ has made him known."

▶ Jesus made visible the invisible nature of God.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$  By his person, ~ words, ~ and actions ~ Jesus has revealed the Father to us. 11 6/13

## WANT TO KNOW WHAT GOD IS LIKE? ~~ LOOK AT JESUS.

▶ Want to know what God thinks about you?

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ Look at Jesus.

► Want to know how much God loves you?

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ Look at Jesus.

# <u>IN VERSE 15b ~ WE FIND THE SECOND ASSERTION ABOUT THE PERSON AND work</u> of Jesus.

# THE FIRSTBORN OF ALL CREATION.

►►Ok, ~ here we must insert a Greek lesson before we develop this, ~ so you understand this as much as possible.

▶ The Greek grammar indicates that "of all creation" ~ means "over all creation."

▶▶John MacArthur makes the point, ~ and I agree, ~ 77

DD that the word "over" is a better translation than the word "of."

►►And many Greek scholars and some translations translate it as "over all creation."

►► And here's why it's a better translation.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ Unless one understands the Greek grammar behind it, ~ or studies it out, ~ 77

 $\rightarrow$  at face value the phrase "of all creation" could be confusing. 11 7/13

>>From outward appearance, ~ someone possibly could mistakenly assume ~ 77

→ → that "of all creation" means that Jesus is part of creation.

 $\rightarrow$   $\rightarrow$  Something so far removed from what Paul is saying, ~ it's not even funny.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$  And I'll always do my best ~ to help you not make those kinds of mistakes.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$  The phrase "over all creation" is the better translation ~ 77

→ → because it points more closely to what Paul is getting at.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ Just by implication, ~ the word "over" should give you a good idea of the point Paul is making.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ So keep this in the back of your mind as we develop this today.

# NOW, ~ A GOOD DISCUSSION OF THIS ASSERTION BY PAUL ~ 77

that Jesus is "the firstborn over all creation" is in order ~ for 2 basic reasons.

 $\blacktriangleright 1^{st}$ , ~ in order for you to get a firm grasp on this.

►►And 2<sup>nd</sup>, ~ because of those very friendly and polite people ~ who show up at your door unannounced.

OVER THE YEARS THE TERM "FIRSTBORN OVER ALL CREATION" has been misinterpreted, ~ creating doctrinal heresies.

► E.g., ~ the Jehovah's Witnesses, ~ those very friendly and polite people who show up at your door, ~ 77

 $\triangleright \triangleright$  understand the phrase to mean that ~ Jesus was the first created being. 11 8/13

▶ They conclude that Jesus is not eternal ~ and therefore, ~ he is not God.

▶ The, ~~ wait for it, ~~ context ~ will not support this understanding.

### IN FACT, ~ THE IMMEDIATE AND WIDER CONTEXT OF SCRIPTURE ~ 77

makes this impossible for five reasons.

▶▶1<sup>st</sup>, ~ part of the point of the passage is to show Jesus' supremacy over all things.

 $\triangleright \triangleright 2^{nd}$ , ~ other statements about Christ in this passage, ~ as we'll see, ~ 77

Doclearly indicate he is not part of creation. ~~ He is not the "first created."

> 3<sup>rd</sup>, ~ the "firstborn" cannot be part of Creation if He created "all things," ~ 77

DD which he did, ~ as Paul asserts next in verse 16.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ One cannot create himself.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$  Jehovah's Witnesses wrongly add the word ~ "other" ~ 77

→ → six times ~ in this passage in their New World Translation.

→→Thus they suggest that Christ ~ created "all other things" after He was created!

 $\rightarrow$  But the problem for them is ~ the word ~ "other" ~ is not in the Greek text.

▶  $4^{th}$ , ~ There were other Greek words Paul could have used ~ if he simply meant ~ "first-created." 119/13

 $\blacktriangleright$  And 5<sup>th</sup>, ~ the wider context of Scripture refutes the notion that Jesus was the first created being.

▷▷ Speaking of Jesus, ~ Heb. ~ 1: ~ 5-6 says, ~ LEB  $\Rightarrow \Rightarrow$  For to which of the angels did he ever say, ~~ "You are my son, ~ today I have begotten you," ~~ and again, ~~ "I will be his father, ~ and he will be my son"? ~~ And again, ~ when he brings the firstborn into the world, ~ he says, ~~ "And let all the angels of God ~ worship him."

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ But creatures are not to be worshiped.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$  When Satan offered the kingdoms of the world to Jesus ~ 77

→→if Jesus would fall down and worship him, ~ LEB ~ 77

→→Jesus said to him, ~~ "Go away, ~ Satan, ~ for it is written, ~~ 'You shall worship the Lord your God and serve only him."

▷▷Deut. ~ 5: ~ 6-7, ~ LEB ~ 77

→→I am Yahweh your God, ~ who brought you out from the land of Egypt, from the house of slavery. ~~ There shall not be for you other gods besides me.

▷▷And look at Rev. ~ 22: ~ 8-9.

→→I, ~ John, ~ am the one ~ who heard and saw these things. ~~ And when I heard and saw them, ~ I fell down to worship at the feet of the angel who showed them to me, ~~ but he said to me, ~~ "You must not do that! ~~ I am a fellow servant ~ with you and your brothers the prophets, ~ and with those who keep the words of this book. ~~ Worship God."

 $\triangleright \triangleright$  And yet, ~ God the Father commands the angels to worship Jesus.

>>And beyond that, ~ recorded in the gospels is the fact that people worshiped Jesus.

 $\rightarrow$  And he accepted their worship. 11 10/13

→→E.g., ~ Jn. 9:35-38.

 $\rightarrow$  Jesus heard that they had cast him out, ~ and having found him he said, ~~ "Do you believe in the Son of Man?" ~~ He answered, ~~ "And who is he, ~ sir, ~ that I may believe in him?" ~~ Jesus said to him, ~~ "You have seen him, ~ and it is he who is speaking to you." ~~ He said, ~ "Lord, ~ I believe," ~ and he worshiped him.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$  So we see ~ that the immediate and wider context of Scripture ~ 77

→ →refutes the notion that Jesus was the first created being.

NOW, ~ PLEASE UNDERSTAND. ~~ THE TERM PAUL USES ~ CAN MEAN FIRSTBORN chronologically.

▶ We usually associate the term firstborn with birth, ~ and it connotes to us the first child.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$  This meaning occurs in Luke ~ 2: ~7a.  $\Rightarrow \Rightarrow$  And she gave birth to her firstborn son.

▶▶This is the literal meaning of the word.

## BUT PAUL'S USAGE OF THE WORD FOR "FIRSTBORN" ~ HAS A QUITE DIFFERENT sense.

Figuratively, ~ the Greek word for "firstborn" ~ points to status or rank.

►► Although Esau was born first chronologically, ~ 77

>>>it was Jacob who was the "firstborn" and received the inheritance.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$  When Rebekah was pregnant with Esau and Jacob, ~ 77

→ → the Lord said to her, ~ recorded in Gen. ~ 25: ~ 23, ~~ "Two nations are in your womb, ~ and two peoples from within you shall be divided; ~~ the one shall be stronger than the other, ~ the older shall serve the younger." 11/13

▶▶Israel was called God's firstborn in ~ Exodus ~ 4: ~ 22 ~ and Jeremiah ~ 31: ~ 9.

>>Though not the first people born, ~ nor the first nation created in the world, ~ 77

→ → they held first place in God's sight among all the nations.

▶ The church is described as firstborn in Heb ~ 12: ~ 23, ~ 77

Dreferring to the unique status of the church as coheirs with Christ.

**\blacktriangleright**In all the above cases, ~ firstborn ~ is clearly used figuratively ~ 77

 $\triangleright \triangleright$  and means unique status or rank, ~ not first created.

► And this is how Paul is using the word "firstborn" ~ in Col. ~ 1: ~ 15b, ~ figuratively.

THE PSALMIST, ~ IN PSALM 89: ~ 27, ~ REINFORCES THE FIGURATIVE USE ~ 77

▶▶ and actually gives us the correct interpretation of what Paul is talking about in Col. 1:15b.

▶▶In this verse, ~ God says of the Messiah, ~ Jesus, ~ LEB ~ 77

DD"I will also make him the firstborn."

▶ Then the psalmist defines what He means: ~~ "the highest of the kings of the earth."

▷▷I.e., ~ "firstborn" ~ means ~ the highest in rank, ~ supremacy.

►► So in the passage before us, ~ Col. ~ 1: ~ 15b, ~ 77

 $\triangleright \triangleright$  in which Jesus is called "the firstborn over all creation," ~ 77

→ → the principal emphasis falls on Christ's sovereignty. 11 12/13

>>Paul is simply indicating that Jesus is supreme over all of creation.

►► A point clearly made by Jesus ~ when he gave us the great commission. ~~ Matt. 28:18b.

 $\triangleright \triangleright All$  authority in heaven and on earth has been given to me.

► And a point Paul vividly points out in Phil. ~ 2: ~ 8-11.

 $\triangleright$  And being found in human form, ~ he humbled himself ~ by becoming obedient to the point of death, ~ even death on a cross. ~~ Therefore ~ God has highly exalted him ~ and bestowed on him ~ the name that is above every name, ~ so that ~ at the name of Jesus ~ every knee should bow, ~ in heaven and on earth and under the earth, ~ and every tongue confess ~ that Jesus Christ is Lord, ~ to the glory of God the Father.

► Jesus stands supreme over all creation.

## CONCLUSION.

WELL, ~ PAUL HAS GIVEN US MUCH TO THINK ABOUT IN JUST THESE first two assertions about Jesus.

►►And we have eight more to go!

▶▶I encourage everyone to continue reading . . . .

LET'S PRAY . . . 13/13