REASONS FOR GIVING THANKS, PT. 1; COL. 1:12b

INTRODUCTION.

LAST TIME ~ WE LOOKED AT FOUR CHARACTERISTICS ~ OF A LIFE ~ THAT IS pleasing to the Lord.

▶▶The 4th characteristic ~ of this kind of life, ~ listed in verses 11b-12a, ~ 77

Dis ~ a joyful and continual giving of thanks to the Father.

 \triangleright I.e., ~ believers please God ~ when they are ~ joyfully ~ and continually ~ giving thanks to the Father.

IN VERSES 12b-14, \sim PAUL GIVES US FOUR REASONS FOR JOYFULLY AND continually giving thanks to the Father.

- ▶▶And that ~ is what we'll begin to focus on today.
- ▶▶I'll give them to you, ~ and then we'll carefully look at the first one this morning.
- ▶▶Four reasons ~ for joyfully and continually ~ giving thanks to our Heavenly Father.
 - >>1. For ~ qualifying believers "to share in the inheritance of the saints in the light."
 - $\triangleright \triangleright$ 2. For ~ rescuing us from the domain of darkness ~ and transferring us ~ to the kingdom ~ of his beloved Son.

 $\triangleright \triangleright 3$. for ~ "redemption."

>> And 4. for ~ "the forgiveness of sins." 11 1/13

PAUL WRITES, \sim "WHO, \sim [THE FATHER] \sim "HAS QUALIFIED YOU TO SHARE IN THE inheritance of the saints in the light."

▶▶A much more literal rendering of the Greek text.

 \triangleright "in the light" is how the Greek text reads. ~~ Many versions read "in light."

 $\triangleright \triangleright I'll$ explain in a little bit ~ why I've given you the more literal reading.

GOD THE FATHER ~ HAS QUALIFIED US, ~ I.E., ~ BELIEVERS, ~ 77

- ▶▶to share ~ in the inheritance ~ that God has reserved for his people.
- ▶▶The verb ~ "qualified" ~ looks back to our conversion, ~ 77
 - Dwhen God saved us from our sins and caused us to be born again.
- ►►At the same time, ~ 77

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ he qualified us \sim to share in the inheritance \sim that he has promised to give to all his people.

THAT GOD THE FATHER QUALIFIED US, ~ CLEARLY IMPLIES THAT ~ WE COULD NOT ~ and did not ~ 77

- >>qualify ourselves to obtain this inheritance.
- ▶▶Our inheritance ~ comes through the death and resurrection of Jesus.

DDIn Ephesians, ~ chapter 1, ~ verse 11a, ~ Paul writes that through Jesus ~ "we have obtained an inheritance."

>> And in 1 Peter, ~ chapter 1, ~ verses 3-4a, ~ Peter says, ~ NASB ~ 77

"Blessed be the God and Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, \sim who according to His great mercy has caused us to be born again \sim 77

 $\rightarrow \rightarrow$ to a living hope through the resurrection of Jesus Christ from the dead, ~ to obtain an inheritance." $\Rightarrow \Rightarrow$ Quick side note: ~~ coming back to vs. 4 later.

▶▶Paul and Peter clearly point out ~ that it is God, ~ and only God, ~ 77

Downo qualifies us to obtain this inheritance.

FURTHERMORE, ~ OUR INHERITANCE SERVES AS A REMINDER ~ THAT WE ARE SAVED by grace.

- ▶▶A reminder ~ that our salvation is not from us as a source. ~~ It is a gift from God.
- ►►A reminder ~ that God "saved us, ~ 77

Donot because of works done by us in righteousness, ~ but according to his own mercy, ~ by the washing of regeneration and renewal of the Holy Spirit, ~ whom he poured out on us richly through Jesus Christ our Savior, ~~~~ so that ~ being justified ~ by his grace ~ we might become heirs according to the hope of eternal life."

▶▶ As the hymn we sang earlier says: $\sim\sim77$

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ Tears unavailing, ~ no merit had I; ~~ Mercy had saved me, ~ or else I must die; ~~ 77

→ Sin had alarmed me, ~ fearing God's face; ~~ But now I'm a sinner ~ saved by grace!

▶▶Now, ~ why does our inheritance serve as a reminder of this?

 \triangleright Because ~ 1 ~ does not earn an inheritance. ~~ One ~ receives an inheritance. 1 3/13

- ▶▶The One ~ whom we were alienated from. ~~ The One ~ whom we were enemies of.
 - >> The One ~ whom we sinned against.
 - → The One ~ who was under no obligation to save us ~ 11
 - → and had every right to condemn us to a Christ-less eternity.
- ► He ~ is the One ~ who has made it possible for us ~ 77
 - Do to have eternal life ~ and to obtain an inheritance.

LET'S NOW SPEND SOME TIME ~ TALKING ABOUT OUR INHERITANCE.

AND TO DO THAT, ~ WE NEED TO START WITH ~ AND BUILD ON ~ THE PHRASE ~ "IN the light" ~ in verse 12b.

▶▶Now, ~ this might get a little technical.

 \triangleright But my job as expository preacher/teacher ~ is to help you understand the Bible ~ correctly ~ and ~ as fully as possible.

OK, \sim IN TALKING ABOUT OUR INHERITANCE, \sim WE NEED TO START WITH \sim AND build on \sim the phrase, \sim "in the light" \sim in verse 12b.

- ▶▶God the Father has qualified us "to share in the inheritance of the saints in the light."
- ▶▶Again, ~ a much more literal rendering of the Greek text.
 - >> Some do ~ some don't ~ translate "the" before "light."
 - → Subjective. ~~ 1:10, ~ increasing in the knowledge of God. ⇒⇒ τοῦ Θεοῦ. 11 4/13

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\trianglerightSeeing the more literal translation, ~ "in the light," ~ helps us, ~ 77
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 \triangleright IOW, ~ as we'll see in a couple of minutes, ~~ this refers to something specific, ~~ not something vague.

→ because it brings out the definiteness of "light" here. ~~ It is ~ "the light."

 \rightarrow So the literal translation \sim helps us think in terms of something very specific being referred here to.

LET'S EXPLORE THIS MORE ~ IN ORDER TO GET A GOOD UNDERSTANDING ~ OF WHAT this specific thing is.

▶▶There is contrast with ~ "domain of darkness" ~ in verse 13a.

 \triangleright And this suggests ~ that "the light" here ~~ is possibly shorthand ~ for "the domain ~ or ~ the kingdom ~ of light."

ightharpoonup Couple that with verse 13 saying that ~~ we have been transferred from a specific domain to another domain, ~ 77

Dono doubt "the light" in verse 12b, ~ refers to a specific domain.

- ▶▶So, ~ in verse 12b, ~ and this is what I want you to take away from this, ~~~ especially if you had a hard time following. ~~ Or if asleep, ~ time to wake up.
- ▶▶In verse 12b, ~ Paul is saying ~ 77

 \triangleright that God the Father ~ has qualified us ~~ "to share ~ in the inheritance of the saints ~ in the kingdom of light."

→ → A specific kingdom, ~ not just any kingdom. ~~ Verse 13b specifies it.

▶▶I.e., ~ the phrase ~ "the kingdom of light," ~ is parallel to and restated as ~ 77

 \triangleright "the kingdom of his ~ [i.e., ~ God's] ~ beloved Son" ~ in verse 13b. 11 5/13

- >>consequently, ~ the kingdom of light here ~ is a synonym ~ for the kingdom of Jesus.
- ▶ But why did Paul say "the light." ~~ Why that phrase? ~~ Most likely ~ 77
 - DD to focus our attention on God's holiness and glory which fills the kingdom, ~ 77
 - → and to set a stark contrast ~ between Jesus' kingdom & "the domain of darkness."

IN 1 JOHN, ~ CHAPTER 1, ~ VERSE 5, ~ JOHN WRITES THIS.

- ▶ This is the message we have heard from him ~ and proclaim to you, ~ that God is light, ~~ and in him ~ is no darkness at all.
- ▶▶John's assertion, ~ "God is light" ~ stresses "God's nature.
 - \triangleright The phrase states ~ not merely that God has light ~ or gives light, ~ but that He Himself ~ is light.
- ▶▶Light emphasizes, ~ among other things, ~ God's glorious character, ~ 77
 - DHis unsurpassed moral perfection ~ 77
 - \rightarrow His utter separateness from creation and sin, \sim and His absolute truthfulness and righteousness.
- ▶ "in him is no darkness at all" ~ translated very literally reads, ⇒⇒ "and darkness in Him ~ not is, ~ not one bit." ~~ 77
 - DD This added assertion by John ~ stresses the absoluteness ~ of God's nature as light.
 - \triangleright In His being ~ there is not ~ a single ~ trace of darkness. 11 6/13

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▶▶In the Bible darkness symbolizes evil and sin.
    >> "darkness" conveys moral evil, ~ unrighteousness, ~ falsehood, ~ error, ~ 77
        → willful ignorance, ~ deceitfulness, ~ and self-deception.
     >>It also signifies ~ corruption and death.
 ▶▶What John is saying ~ is that none of this ~ is in God.
     \triangleright \triangleright God \sim is totally and absolutely \sim untainted by any evil or sin.
 ▶ With God, ~ there is no change, ~ no secrecy, ~ no hiding in the shadows.
 ▶▶There is no defect in the character of God.
 ▶▶His ~ holiness and purity and righteousness ~ are perfect.
 ▶▶He is ~ eternally and mercilessly ~ opposed to sin.
 ▶▶God, ~ who created the starry universe ~ and who gives salvation and life ~ is unchanging.
    >> Shadows from the sun change, ~ but not the One who made the sun.
OK, ~ GETTING BACK TO COLOSSIANS, ~ CHAPTER 1, ~ VERSE 12b.
 ▶ Paul is saying that ~ the first reason ~ 77
     Dofor giving joyful and continual thanks to the Father ~ is that he has qualified us ~ 77
        → to share ~ in the inheritance that God has reserved for his people ~ 77
           →→in the kingdom of light, ~ or, ~ in the kingdom of Jesus. 11 7/13
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NOW WE CAN TURN OUR ATTENTION TO OUR INHERITANCE. $\Rightarrow \Rightarrow$ BUT HAD TO BUILD to this point. $\Rightarrow \Rightarrow$ And I think you'll see why in a minute.

EXPLORING VERSE 12b FURTHER, \sim "IN THE KINGDOM OF LIGHT/JESUS" \sim CAN BE looked at grammatically \sim 77

▶▶as being ~ what our inheritance ~ consists of.

>>IOW, ~ Paul is identifying ~ or explaining ~ what our inheritance is, ~ by saying "in the kingdom of light."

 $\triangleright \triangleright I.e.$, ~ the kingdom of God in all its glory ~ is our inheritance.

 \blacktriangleright Now, ~ when you inherit a kingdom, ~ you get all the benefits, ~ or blessings, ~ that go with it.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ So, ~ this inheritance of the kingdom ~ also includes ~ the sum total ~ of all ~ that God has promised us in salvation.

 \triangleright E.g., ~ the final stage of our salvation, ~ i.e., ~ when we receive our resurrection bodies, ~ 77

→is also referred to in Heb. 1 ~ as part of our inheritance.

 \triangleright Additionally, ~ in Matt. 5:5, ~ Jesus said, $\Rightarrow \Rightarrow$ "Blessed are the meek ~ [referring to Jesus' followers], ~ for they shall inherit the earth."

- $\rightarrow \rightarrow$ I.e., ~ the new earth, ~ as in ~ the future, ~ the new heavens and new earth.
- →→Who in their right mind ~ would want to inherit the present earth?
- ▶▶That the kingdom is our inheritance ~ is supported by two ~ very clear passages. 11 8/13

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>>In Matthew, ~ chapter 25, ~ verse 34, ~ Jesus said that believers are going to ~ 77
        → → "inherit the kingdom ~ prepared for [us] from the foundation of the world."
    >> And in Daniel, ~ chapter 7, ~ two times ~ we're told that ~ believers will possess the
    kingdom.
       → And one time we are told that the kingdom will be given to us.
       → The kingdom ~ in the context of Daniel, ~ chapter 7, ~ 77
           → is the kingdom of the Son of man, ~ the Messiah, ~ Jesus.
NOW, ~ WE MUST NOT THINK THAT THE KINGDOM WE WILL INHERIT ~ IS NOT A
physical kingdom.
 ▶▶We're not going to be floating around on clouds ~ in some disembodied state.
 ▶▶No, ~ it's a physical kingdom ~ that we're inheriting, ~ as physical as this world.
 ▶▶Just like our resurrection bodies will be physical, ~ so too ~ will our inheritance be.
 ▶▶The author of Hebrews tells us that Abraham ~ 77
    DD"was looking forward to the city that has foundations, ~ whose designer and builder is
    God."
    >> This refers to the new Jerusalem, ~ which John, ~ in his vision of the future, ~ 77
        → saw "coming down out of heaven from God."
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 $\triangleright \triangleright A$ physical city. 11 9/13

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▶▶The writer of Hebrews goes on and tells of the saints of old, ~ that they desired ~ 77
     >> "a better country, ~ that is, ~ a heavenly one."
        ⇒ the noun ~ "country" ~ speaks of something physical.
 ▶▶In 2 Peter, ~ Peter says ~ that there will be "new heavens and a new earth."
    \triangleright \triangleright In Rev. 21:1a, ~ John wrote, \Rightarrow \Rightarrow "Then I saw ~ a new heaven and a new earth, ~ for
    the first heaven ~ and the first earth ~ had passed away."
     \triangleright The first universe was physical, ~ and the new one will be as well.
     >> And this indicates the extent of the kingdom.
 ▶▶We will be inheriting ~ a physical kingdom, ~ which will fill ~ the entire new universe.
     >>Nothing ~ in the universe ~ will be outside of the kingdom of Jesus.
        → Which means ~ there will be no rival kingdoms.
AND IN 1 PETER, ~ 1: ~ 4b, ~ NOTICE WHAT PETER SAYS ABOUT OUR INHERITANCE.
 ▶▶1<sup>st</sup>, ~ our inheritance ~ is "imperishable."
    >>Unlike all earthly things, ~ our inheritance does not contain in itself the seeds of
     decay and death ~ 77
        → and so is absolutely imperishable.
     >>It belongs to the heavenly realm, ~ where "where neither moth nor rust destroys."
        \rightarrow Jesus' kingdom is totally free from the forces of decay. 11 10/13
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▶▶2<sup>nd</sup>, ~ our inheritance ~ is "undefiled," ~ meaning it will never become unfit for us or
polluted by sin.
   >> The kingdom is filled with righteousness.
   >>In 2nd Pet., ~ Peter says that we are looking forward ~ 77
      to the new heavens and new earth God has promised, ~ 77
         → → a new universe ~ filled with God's righteousness.
▶▶3<sup>rd</sup>, ~ our inheritance ~ is unfading. ~~ This means that it is unimpaired by time.
   >>IOW, ~ it will last forever.
   >> And never ~ will it be susceptible to being overthrown.
   >>And Jesus ~ will forever ~ be on the throne.
   → → "And to him ~ was given ~ dominion ~ and glory ~ and a kingdom, ~~ 77
         →→that ~ all peoples, ~ nations, ~ and languages ~ should serve him; ~~ 77
             → his dominion ~ is an everlasting dominion, ~ which shall not pass away, ~~ 77
                Gand his kingdom ~ one that shall not be destroyed.
   >>And Dan. 7:18, ~ says, ~ 77
      "But the saints of the Most High shall receive the kingdom ~ 77
         → and possess the kingdom forever, ~ forever and ever." 11/13
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>> "Therefore," ~ NIV ~ as the author of Hebrews says, ~ 77
        → → "since we are receiving a kingdom that cannot be shaken, ~ let us be thankful, ~ and
       so worship God acceptably with reverence and awe."
 ▶► And 4<sup>th</sup>, ~ according to 1 Pet. ~ 1: ~ 4 ~ our inheritance ~ is "kept in heaven for" us.
    >>Here Peter assures us of the certainty of our glorious inheritance.
    >> The Greek grammar for "kept" ~ indicates ~ that our inheritance was placed under
    safekeeping ~ 77
        → that the protection is still in force, ~ and that God is the One who keeps it safe.
    >> The verb for "kept" means ~ "to watch over, ~ to take care of, ~ 77
        → to guard against" loss or injury, ~ by keeping an eye on that which is being guarded.
    DDOur inheritance ~ is certain ~ because of God's watchful care.
    >>It is immune ~ from the disasters that often befall an inheritance on earth.
    >>Its preservation in heaven ~ adds to the assurance of safety.
    >>Our inheritance ~ is safely ~ beyond the reach ~ of all destructive forces.
THE KINGDOM, ~ WE SHOULD ADD, ~ WILL BE FULLY MANIFESTED AT THE RETURN OF
Jesus.
 ►► As members of God's family, ~ we are already heirs, ~ 77
    Dept our full possession of the inheritance ~ awaits the future, ~ the time when our
    King returns. 11 12/13
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CONCLUSION.

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OK, ~ TO RECAP IN CLOSING.
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- ▶ We are looking at four reasons for joyfully and continually giving thanks to God the Father.
- ▶▶And the first reason for giving thanks continually and joyfully ~ 77

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\triangleright \triangleright is that the he has qualified us, ~ i.e., ~ believers, ~ 77
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- → to share in the inheritance that he has reserved for his people.
- ►► And what an inheritance it is, ~ 77

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>> "the kingdom prepared for [us] ~ from the foundation of the world."
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- \rightarrow And all the blessings that go with it.
- ▶▶How could we not ~ joyfully and continually ~ give thanks to our heavenly Father?

LET'S PRAY 13/13