A THANK-YOU NOTE, PT. 2; PHIL. 4:14-20 (Ed O'Leary)

INTRODUCTION.

AS WE KNOW, \sim IN PHIL. \sim 4: \sim 10-20, \sim PAUL ADDS A THANK-YOU NOTE \sim TO THE church in Philippi \sim for the financial gifts they sent to him.

- ▶▶Last week, ~ we spent our time looking at verses 10-13.
- ▶▶And today, ~ we'll take up the remainder of Paul's thank-you note, ~ verses 14-20.
- ▶▶And we will be spending the bulk of our time on verse 14. ⇒⇒ Ok, ~ let's dig in.

IN VERSE 14 ~ PAUL REPEATS ~ HIS APPRECIATION FOR THE GIFTS. ~~~ "YET IT was kind of you ~ to share my trouble."

IN VIEW OF PAUL'S POSITIVE ATTITUDE TOWARD HAVING PLENTY OR LITTLE, ~ 77

- ▶▶the believers in Philippi ~ might have wondered ~ if they should have bothered ~ to send him the gift.
 - \triangleright Paul hastened to add that ~ it was good of them to send it.
 - \triangleright And he probably did not want them to think ~ that he didn't actually want or need the gift, ~ or that he was ungrateful. ~~~ So Paul repeated his appreciation.

WE CAN NOTE HERE THAT PAUL ~ WAS A THANKFUL PERSON.

- ▶▶But Paul was not just thankful for the gifts.
- ► Recall at the beginning of our study of Philippians, ~ we noted that Paul ~ continually gave thanks for his fellow believers. 11/13

- \blacktriangleright And as we said then, ~ and it bears repeating ~ because it's so important, ~ 77
 - Dif you think about it, ~ this is the attitude that we should have toward all of our brothers and sisters in Christ.
 - → We should thank God for them ~ and always be thankful for them.
- ▶▶And to once again quote ~ that little poem.
 - \triangleright "to dwell above with saints we love, ~ will certainly be glory; ~~ to dwell below with saints we know, ~ that's another story!"
 - → That's true sometimes, ~ isn't it
- ▶ But Paul sets the example for us. ~~ We are to continually give thanks for our fellow believers.
- ▶▶As we saw before, ~ David weighs in on this as well.
 - \triangleright In Ps. 16: ~ 3, ~ he says, ~ "As for the saints in the land, ~ they are the excellent ones, ~ in whom is all my delight."
 - >>Like David, ~ we should have the attitude that our brothers and sisters in Christ "are the excellent ones," ~ and take pleasure in them and enjoy their company.
- SO, ~ IN VERSE 14, ~ PAUL REPEATS HIS APPRECIATION FOR THE GIFTS THEY SENT.
 - ▶▶Now, ~ Paul tells us in 2 Cor., ~ that God ~ loves a cheerful giver.
 - ▶ We should note here ~ that along with being ~ a thankful ~ receiver ~ of these gifts sent by the Philippians, ~ Paul ~ was also ~ a cheerful ~ receiver.
 - ▶ Remember ~ that Paul was content ~ no matter what his financial situation was ~ and could endure any financial situation through Jesus.
 - >> But Paul ~ thankfully ~ and cheerfully ~ accepted their gifts. 11 2/13

▶▶Perhaps we can safely say ~ that ~ God loves ~ a cheerful <u>receiver</u> ~ as well as ~ a cheerful giver. ▶▶Believers, ~ I would contend, ~ need to cultivate being cheerful receivers. ▶▶But, ~ I believe ~ that this is not necessarily ~ an easy task. >>Sinful pride comes into play. → Or ~ we don't want to seem weak or needy. ~~ Or ~ we're embarrassed by our situation. $\triangleright \triangleright$ But we need to get over that. ▶▶And remember ~ that the Scriptures tell us ~ that God opposes the proud ~ but gives grace to the humble. ▶▶And, ~ furthermore, ~ we need to learn to be genuinely, ~ we don't want to just pretend we're cheerful, ~ 77 Downwest earn to be genuinely, ~ cheerful ~ and thankful ~ receivers. BACK TO VERSE 14 AGAIN. ~~ PAUL TELLS THEM ~ THAT IT WAS KIND OF THEM TO share his trouble. ▶▶I want to focus on that word "trouble" for a few minutes. ▶▶I think it would be a good idea ~ to remind ourselves ~ that Paul was a prisoner, ~ chained to a Roman guard. >>Recall that Paul had said that his imprisonment ~ was for Christ. >>Paul was not in prison ~ because he was a criminal. ~~ He was not ~ a political prisoner. >>He was in prison ~ simply because ~ he was a servant of and preached about ~ Jesus. ~~ Well, ~ that doesn't seem right or fair. 11 3/13

▶ But, ~ that is exactly what Jesus told us to expect, ~ hatred from the world and persecution.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ Jn. ~ 15: ~ 18-20a. ~~ If the world hates you, ~ know ~ that it has hated me ~ before it hated you. ~~ 77

→ If you were of the world, ~ the world would love you as its own; ~~ but because you are not of the world, ~~ but I chose you out of the world, ~~ therefore ~ the world hates you. ~~ 77

→ Remember the word that I said to you: ~~ 'A servant is not greater than his master.' ~~ If [or, ~ since] ~ they persecuted me, ~ they will also persecute you.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ And Jn. ~ 16: ~ 33. ~~ I have said these things to you, ~ that in me ~ you may have peace. ~~ In the world you <u>will</u> have tribulation. ~~ But take heart; ~~ I have overcome the world.

▶▶Peter, ~ present when Jesus spoke those words ~ says this ~ in 1 Pet. ~ 4: ~ 12, ~ 77

DD"Beloved, ~ do not be surprised ~ at the fiery trial ~ when it comes upon you ~ to test you, ~ as though ~ something strange ~ were happening to you."

▶▶John, ~ also present at the time Jesus spoke, ~ reinforces Peter's point. ~~ 1 Jn. ~ 3:13. ~~ "Do not be surprised, ~ brothers, ~ that the world hates you."

PAUL WAS IN PRISON, ~ ENDURING HARDSHIP.

▶▶And these believers ~ were not ~ only fair-weather friends, ~ who abandoned Paul at the first sign of trouble or hardship.

>>And they did not become discouraged ~ because of opposition to the gospel.

▶▶Recall from Philippians, ~ chapter 2, ~ 77

>>Paul's imprisonment ~ produced within the majority of believers in Rome ~ 77

 \rightarrow a greater confidence in the Lord, \sim and subsequently, \sim a greater boldness to preach the gospel. 11 4/13

▶►It seems ~ that it had a similar effect ~ on the believers in Philippi. $\Rightarrow \Rightarrow$ Rather than be discouraged, ~ or fearful, ~ they boldly sent financial gifts to Paul.

<u>IT'S INTERESTING ~ HOW THE BELIEVERS IN ROME AND IN PHILIPPI ~ responded ~ to Paul's imprisonment ~ isn't it?</u>

RATHER THAN DIMINISH THEIR CONFIDENCE, \sim WHICH WOULD SEEM LOGICAL, \sim AND quite human, \sim 77

- ▶▶it actually ~ increased ~ their confidence in the Lord.
- ▶▶One might think ~ that the imprisonment of a prominent leader in the early church ~ would have caused other believers ~ to become discouraged and fearful.

DDBut, ~ the ~ exact opposite ~ happened.

▶ When the apostles were arrested for the second time by the Jewish council, ~ recorded in $Acts \sim 5$, ~ we read this in verses 40-42.

 \triangleright "and when they had called in the apostles, ~ they beat them ~ and charged them not to speak in the name of Jesus, ~ and let them go. ~~ 77

Then they left the presence of the council, \sim . . . \sim rejoicing \sim that they were counted worthy to suffer dishonor for the name. $\sim\sim$ 77

→ And every day, ~ in the temple and from house to house, ~ they did <u>not</u> cease teaching and preaching ~ that the Christ is Jesus."

► The exact opposite of what we might expect. ~~ Might expect a response of fear<u>ful</u>ness, ~~ instead, ~ they responded with fear<u>less</u>ness. ⇒⇒ Why such a response?

WELL, ~ WE'RE GIVEN AT LEAST ~ TWO CLUES ~ IN THE NT ~ THAT POINT ~ 77

▶▶ to why ~ we see the opposite response by these believers ~ to opposition than we might expect. 11 5/13

► Two clues ~ that show us, ~ believers here at NHCC, ~ how we too ~ can respond to opposition ~ with ~ fear<u>less</u>ness ~~ instead of fear<u>ful</u>ness.

THE FIRST CLUE ~ IS FOUND IN THE ACCOUNT OF THE APOSTLES' FIRST ARREST, ~ recorded in Acts ~ 4.

 \blacktriangleright Acts ~ 4: ~ 13. ~~ "Now when they saw the boldness of Peter and John, ~ and perceived ~ that they were uneducated, ~ common men, ~ they were astonished. ~~ 77

DDAnd they recognized ⇒⇒ [here comes the 1st clue] ~ that they had been with Jesus.

- ► They walked ~ with him. ~~~ They talked ~ with him. ~~~ They were taught ~ by him. ~~~ They were empowered ~ by him.
- ▶▶In brief, ~ their eyes ~ and ~ their minds ~ and their lives ~ were firmly focused ~ on Jesus.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ And that \sim is why \sim they could respond \sim with fear<u>less</u>ness \sim and not \sim with fear<u>ful</u>ness.

 $\blacktriangleright \blacktriangleright My$. . . , ~~ are you, ~ and I ask myself this as well, ~ are you walking with the Savior ~ every day?

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ Are you talking with him ~ every day?

- →→ Are you being taught by him through his word ~ every day?
 - \rightarrow Are you asking him ~ and allowing him ~ to empower you ~ every day?
- ▶▶In brief, ~ are your ~ eyes ~ and minds ~ and lives ~ firmly focused on Jesus?
- ► Our answers to these questions ~ will determine ~ whether we respond ~ 77

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ with fear<u>less</u>ness ~ or ~ with fear<u>ful</u>ness ~ when we experience opposition from the world. 11 6/13

- ▶ "and you joyfully accepted the plundering of your property ~ [the total opposite of human nature], ~ 77
 - Documentary the 2nd clue] ~ since you knew that you yourselves had a better possession and an abiding one."
- ▶▶Loved ones, ~ what were these believers focused on? ~~ The temporary ~ or ~ the eternal?
 - >> The answer's obvious. ~~ We could say that they had ~ a cosmic vision/perspective.
 - $\rightarrow \rightarrow$ It looks like they viewed life ~ through the grid ~ of eternity and God's eternal plan ~ 7.7
 - → and not through the grid ~ of the temporary ~ here-and-now.
- ▶▶ Abraham had the same perspective. ~~ Heb. ~ 11: ~ 10. $\Rightarrow \Rightarrow$ "By faith ~ he went to live in the land of promise, ~ as in a foreign land, ~ living in tents with Isaac and Jacob, ~ heirs with him of the same promise. ~~ For he was looking forward ~ to the city that has foundations, ~ whose designer and builder is God."
- ▶ Paul tells us that "what can be seen is temporary, ~ but what cannot be seen is eternal."
- ightharpoonup They viewed life through the grid \sim of eternity and God's eternal plan.
- \blacktriangleright Recall from Ephesians, \sim we learned that, \sim before he created the universe, \sim 77
 - $\triangleright \triangleright G$ od planned to bring ~ all things, ~ all beings, ~ all creatures ~ everyone ~ and everything ~ 77
 - \rightarrow in heaven \sim and on earth \sim under the authority and leadership of Jesus.
 - >>And we can rest assured ~ that this will happen, ~ 77
 - → because God's plans ~ cannot be thwarted ~ and are always fulfilled. 11 7/13

>> And God's plan, ~ that Jesus will have the rule and authority over all, ~ 77

will be put into effect ~ when the eras of human history ~ have run their course, ~ a time and date ~ known only to God.

▶▶These early believers ~ viewed life ~ 77

 \triangleright through the grid ~ of eternity and God's eternal plan ~ and not ~ through the grid ~ of the temporary here-and-now.

 $\rightarrow \rightarrow$ And that \sim is why \sim they could respond to opposition \sim with fear<u>less</u>ness \sim and not \sim with fear<u>ful</u>ness.

►►My . . ., ~~ how are you viewing life, ~~]]

 \triangleright through the grid \sim of eternity and God's eternal plan \sim or \sim through the grid \sim of the temporary here-and-now?

→ Our answer to this question ~ will determine ~ whether we respond ~ 77

→ with fear<u>less</u>ness ~ or ~ with fear<u>ful</u>ness ~ to the world's opposition to us.

AS WE NOTED, ~~ WE WOULD SPEND ~ THE BULK OF OUR TIME ON VS. 14. ~~ Now let's briefly consider the rest of Paul's thank-you note.

IN VERSES 15-16, ~ HE RECOUNTS THE CHURCH IN PHILIPPI'S previous generosity.

WE DISCUSSED THEIR GENEROSITY IN CHAPTER 1. ~~ AND WE SAID THAT ~ this church ~ stands as a model ~ for all other churches for generosity.

VERSE 17. ~~ NOT THAT I SEEK THE GIFT, ~ BUT I SEEK THE FRUIT THAT increases to your credit.

▶ Paul sought the benefit that came to the believers in the church at Philippi \sim more \sim than the gift itself. 11 8/13

- ▶ We need to understand ~ that our financial support of our fellow believers ~ not only benefits them, ~ it also benefits us.
- ▶ Every gift ~ is an investment ~ in our heavenly bank account.
 - \triangleright When we invest in God's work, ~ it looks like he keeps a record. ~~ And he credits our account.
 - → And most likely, ~ he doesn't just keep track ~ of what we give, ~ 77
 - → but also ~ of the good that is done with our money ~ and the lives that are touched through our gifts.
- ▶In Matt. ~ 6: ~ 19-21, ~ Jesus said, ~ "Do not lay up for yourselves treasures on earth, ~ where moth and rust destroy ~ and where thieves break in and steal, ~ 77
 - but lay up for yourselves ~ treasures in heaven, ~ where neither moth nor rust destroys ~ and where thieves do not break in and steal. ~~ For where your treasure is, there your heart will be also.
 - \rightarrow Giving to God's work and God's people \sim is one way of storing up treasures in heaven.

NOTICE IN VERSE 18 ~ THAT PAUL REFERS TO THEIR GIFT AS AN OFFERING, ~ A sacrifice.

OF COURSE, ~ WE ARE NOT UNDER THE OT SACRIFICIAL SYSTEM.

- ► However, ~ we still offer sacrifices, ~~ but not animal sacrifices, ~ and not for the forgiveness of sin.
- ► We offer, ~ what Peter in 1 Peter calls ~ spiritual sacrifices. ~~ We offer spiritual sacrifices to the Lord ~ in appreciation for our salvation.
 - >>Paul and the author of Hebrews help explain what spiritual sacrifices means.
 - \triangleright Here in Philippians, ~ Paul says giving financial support is a sacrifice. 11 9/13

- >>Over in Romans, ~ he says that giving our whole life ~ 77
 - → to obeying and serving God ~ is a "holy and acceptable" sacrifice (Rom. 12).
- >> And the author of Hebrews says that ~ praise to God, ~ doing good, ~ 77
 - → and sharing what we have ~ are all sacrifices (Heb. 13).
- ▶▶These are the types of sacrifices we offer. ~~ And God is pleased with these.

PAUL TELLS THEM IN VERSE 19 ~ THAT GOD ~ WILL SUPPLY ~ EVERY NEED OF theirs.

NOW, ~ WE HAVE THE GENERAL PROMISE FROM JESUS ~ THAT HE WILL PROVIDE what we need.

 \blacktriangleright But Paul is not talking about the general promise here. ~~ This is a specific response to their gifts.

 \triangleright Paul's promise here \sim has to be \sim looked at and thought about \sim in the context of the Philippians' gifts to him.

AND IN THE CONTEXT ~ OF THEIR GIFTS, ~ MOST LIKELY, ~~ PAUL WAS WANTING TO assure them ~ that their needs would not go unmet.

- ▶▶It's very natural for us to worry that ~ if we give money to support our fellow believers, ~ in missions ~ or what have you, ~~ we might not have enough to meet our own needs.
- ▶▶And Paul is telling all believers, ~ that we don't have to worry about it.
 - \triangleright The Lord loves a cheerful giver. ~~ And he will provide for us. ~~ So we can go ahead and give.
- ▶►And when we invest in the kingdom of God, \sim we can rest assured that the Lord won't be stingy in his support of us in return. 11 10/13

- >> The Greek word for ~ "supply" ~ means ~ to provide for ~ by supplying a complete amount, ~ to provide for ~ completely, ~ to supply ~ fully."
- ▶▶So there is ~ absolutely ~ no reason to worry if we give money to support our fellow believers.
- \blacktriangleright Now, ~ it's important to understand ~ that this ~ is not ~ calling us to be foolish, ~ and give away all our money.
 - \triangleright Paul is simply getting the point across that ~ when there's a need, ~ 77
 - \rightarrow like ~ for missions ~ or in another believer's life ~ or to help fix something in the church building, ~ 77
 - → → we don't have to be afraid to give ~ in order to help meet the need.

AND PAUL SAYS THAT THE LORD WILL PROVIDE FOR US ~ BY SUPPLYING A COMPLETE amount, ~ 77

- ▶▶and look at this ~ in verse 19, ~ "according to his riches in glory," ~ or, ~ "according to his glorious riches."
- ▶►IOW, ~ we never ~ have to worry ~ about God not being able to meet our needs, ~ either ~ in general ~ or ~ in the context of investing in his kingdom.
- $\blacktriangleright \blacktriangleright My$. . ., ~~ we cannot begin ~ to comprehend God's riches in glory, ~~ his riches are limitless, ~ infinite.
 - >> And it is from this storehouse that believers' needs are met.

AND NOW ~ JUST A BRIEF WORD OF APPLICATION AND EXPANSION ~ ON WHAT we've been discussing in verse 19.

▶ We can trust that our loving heavenly Father ~ will always ~ meet our needs. 11 11/13

 \triangleright Never doubt that loved ones. ~~~ Whatever we will need on earth, ~ he will supply fully.

- ⇒⇒Even the courage, ~ if the Lord tarries, ~ to face death.
- ► We must remember, ~ however, ~ the difference between wants and needs. ~~ And that God has not promised to give us what we want. ~~ But he has promised to give us what we need.

A FINAL POINT ~ ON VERSE 19. ~~ NOTICE CAREFULLY WHAT PAUL SAYS AT THE END of the verse.

- ►►And my God will supply every need of yours according to his riches in glory in Christ Jesus.

 "in Christ Jesus."
- ightharpoonup This provision of our needs by God \sim takes place \sim only \sim because we have a relationship with Jesus.

 \triangleright It is ~ only ~ through Jesus ~ that we have access to the Father's riches. ~~ We need to always remember that.

- → And we always need to be grateful to Jesus ~ for what he has done for us.
- ▶ Praise God, ~ my fellow believers, ~ through our Savior, ~ we have access to God the Father ~ 77

 \triangleright and can ~ "approach ~ God's throne of grace ~ with confidence, ~ [and] receive mercy ~ and find grace to help us ~ in our time of need." (NIV)

- ▶►And this promise applies ~ only ~ to those who have confessed with their mouth ~ that Jesus is Lord, ~ and believe in their heart ~ that God raised him from the dead.
 - \triangleright If you have repented of your sins ~ and turned to Jesus for salvation, ~ then, ~ and only then, ~ can you claim this promise.

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▶▶Our triune God is worthy of glory and honor ~ because ~ he is God.
$\triangleright \triangleright$ He, ~ and he alone, ~ is the sovereign creator and ruler ~ of all things.
$\triangleright \triangleright$ He is clothed in majesty and splendor ~ beyond our comprehension.
$\triangleright \triangleright$ He is ~ eternal, ~ holy, ~ faithful, ~ just, ~ and true.
$\triangleright \triangleright$ He is unlimited ~ in wisdom and power.
$\triangleright \triangleright$ He is immeasurably kind, ~ gracious, ~ merciful, ~ and loving.
►►Our triune God is also worthy of glory and honor ~ because ~ he is our perfect Father.
$\triangleright \triangleright$ He is the Father \sim of all those \sim whom by grace \sim he has adopted into his family.
>>As our Father, ~ he loves us ~ with an undying love.
→→He lovingly and graciously ~ supplies our needs.
→ And he protects us, ~ ensuring our resurrection and glorification.
► Our triune God ~ deserves ~ our praise and worship ~ both in this life ~ and in the life to come.
CONCLUSION.
AMEN.
►Enough said.

LET'S PRAY 13/13