BELIEVERS AND THIS FALLEN WORLD; PHIL. 2:14-18 (Ed O'Leary)

INTRODUCTION.

TODAY, ~ WE LOOK AT THE NEXT SECTION OF PHIL., ~ 2:14-18.

▶▶In this paragraph, ~ Paul deals with believers in relation to this fallen world.

▶ Recall, ~ 1-11, ~ believers in relation to one another in our local fellowship. ~~ Call to unity and to adopt the same attitude toward one another that Jesus had.

▶▶12-13, ~ believers in relation to our individual walk with the Lord

▶ And now in this next section, ~ 2:14-18, ~ as noted, ~ Paul deals with believers in relation to this fallen world.

 \triangleright Primarily, ~ we find three exhortations showing us how we are to conduct ourselves in this fallen world, ~ specifically in the presence of unbelievers.

 \rightarrow \rightarrow 1st, ~ Verse 14, ~ "do all things without grumbling or disputing."

 \Rightarrow \Rightarrow 2^{nd} , ~ Verse 16, ~ hold "fast to the word of life."

 \rightarrow And 3rd in verses 17-18, ~ Paul calls believers to be glad and rejoice in face of opposition, ~ even if it potentially involves martyrdom.

EXHORTATION #1. ~~ VERSE 14

REMEMBER THE CONTEXT OF THIS PARAGRAPH, ~ HOW BELIEVERS ARE TO CONDUCT themselves in the midst of unbelievers.

► Complaining and arguing hurt Christ's cause among those who do not know Jesus.

▶ If all that unbelievers know about a church is that its members constantly complain and argue, ~ or if that's all they know about believers they're acquainted with, ~ 77

▶ They will then perhaps feel justified in criticizing believers, ~ and might conclude that there is nothing to our Christianity.

►►So it's clear that complaining and arguing are not helpful to the spread of the gospel.

► Spreading the gospel is to be of top priority for us. ~~ Commission.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ Recall Paul's attitude toward those believers who were sharing the gospel with impure motives.

→ → Despite people's motives, ~ Paul rejoiced because Christ was being preached.

 \rightarrow \rightarrow His focus was on what is most important. ~~ And i.e., ~ the advancement of the gospel.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ Paul understood that the spread of the gospel was of top priority.

>>We need to understand this as well, ~ and do nothing that will hurt or hinder the spread of the gospel. ~~ And complaining and arguing will do exactly that. ~~ So

▶▶Not saying we can do this in front of each other . . .

IN VERSE 15a, ~ HE GIVES US THE PURPOSE FOR THIS 1st EXHORTATION.

"THAT YOU MAY BE BLAMELESS AND INNOCENT, CHILDREN OF GOD WITHOUT blemish in the midst of a crooked and twisted generation."

► The purpose for us doing everything without complaining and arguing is to conduct ourselves properly in front of unbelievers.

▶ Paul's overall concern goes beyond

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ His overall concern is that believers live lives that are glorifying and pleasing to God in this present evil age.

▶ Peter says something similar in 1 Pet. 2:12.

 \triangleright "Keep your conduct among the Gentiles [unbelievers] honorable, so that when they speak against you as evildoers, they may see your good deeds and <u>glorify God on the day of visitation</u>.

 \triangleright Peter calls us to always live properly among our unbelieving neighbors, ~ i.e., ~ in a way that brings honor and glory to God.

 \triangleright We are to do so for this purpose, ~ Peter says, ~ so that when they accuse us of doing wrong and speak against us, ~ 77

→ → they may see our honorable lifestyle "and" 11 2/6

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ Peter's point here in verse 12 is an evangelistic one.

 \rightarrow His primary idea is that in the midst of people speaking against us "as doing evil," ~ some unbelievers will come to Christ through the witness of our honorable lifestyle ~ 7

→ →and be there to join in the celebration when Jesus returns.

▶▶It's likely that Paul had been thinking along the same lines in his concern that believers live lives that are glorifying and pleasing to God in this present evil age.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ And that is, ~ some unbelievers will come to Christ through the witness of our honorable lifestyle and be there to join in the celebration when Jesus returns.

▶ Both apostles teach us that we should never underestimate the importance or the impact of a godly life.

IN VERSE 15b, ~ PAUL INSERTS A PARENTHETICAL, ~ BUT EXTREMELY IMPORTANT, ~ comment. ~~ 15b

I.E., ~ AMONG UNBELIEVERS, ~ BELIEVERS SHINE LIKE LIGHTS IN A DARK WORLD.

► Basically, ~ Paul is saying here, ~ "And by the way, ~ among unbelievers, ~ you, ~ believers, ~ shine like lights in a dark world."

▶▶What's he saying? ~~ The Lord has made it so believers stand out in this fallen world. ~~ We are seen. ~~ We are being watched.

▷▷This is exactly what Jesus tells us. ~~ Matt. 5:14-15

►► So, ~ the issue is not go and shine our light, ~ because we're already shining. ~~ The issue is how are we displaying that light.

▶ What's Paul implying with his by-the-way comment?

 \triangleright Well, ~ Paul's concern in the immediate context is that believers live lives that are glorifying and pleasing to God in this present evil age.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ So with his parenthetical comment, ~ Paul is implying this.

→→ "And by the way, ~ among unbelievers, ~ you, ~ believers, ~ shine like lights in a dark world. ~~ So make sure you are displaying your light in the proper way."

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ Jesus makes this explicit in Matt. 5:16 . . . 11 3/6

IN VERSE 16, ~ WE FIND PAUL'S SECOND EXHORTATION SHOWING US HOW WE are to conduct ourselves in this fallen world, ~ especially in the presence of unbelievers.

"HOLDING FAST TO THE WORD OF LIFE." ("holding forth." ~~ "holding fast")

► Command, ~ and can be read as, ~ "Hold fast to the word of life." ~~ I.e., ~ God's word.

► So Paul's second exhortation showing us how we are to conduct ourselves in this fallen world, ~ especially in the presence of unbelievers, ~ is "hold firmly to God's word."

 $\triangleright \triangleright I.e.$, ~ continue to read it, ~ study it, ~ live it, ~ and obey it, ~ and don't ever compromise or abandon it.

 $\triangleright \triangleright \mathsf{God's}$ charge to Joshua is a charge for all believers.

→ Josh. 1:8. ~~ NIV ~ "Keep this Book of the Law always on your lips; meditate on it day and night, so that you may be careful to do everything written in it. Then you will be prosperous and successful." ~~ Not worldly prosperity or success.

"HOLD FIRMLY TO GOD'S WORD," ~ PAUL SAYS.

▶▶In the context of living in this fallen world, ~ there will be many temptations to compromise God's word. ~~ The following are some examples.

>>On marriage. ~~ Sexual orientation. ~~ Abortion. ~~ To not be so "old fashioned."

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ There will be temptations to compromise the teachings of God's word to fit in with the surrounding culture.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ The temptation to water down God's word so a church is more "seeker friendly."

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ To present Jesus meek and mild, ~ and ignore the fact that Jesus spent more time warning people about the dangers of hell ~ than He did in comforting them with the hope of heaven.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ To present Jesus as being all and only about love, ~ and ignore the fact that when he returns he will completely destroy his enemies.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ The list could go on. ~~ But we get the point.

→→In the context of living in this fallen world, ~ there will be many temptations to compromise God's word. 11 4/6

►► Also in the context of living in this present evil age, ~ it is God's word believers are to hold firmly to, ~ not cultural attitudes, ~ norms, ~ or trends. ~~ And not worldly philosophy.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ In Colossians, ~ Paul warns us to not let anyone capture us with empty philosophies and high-sounding nonsense, ~ 77

 \rightarrow \rightarrow that come from human thinking and from the spiritual powers of this world, \sim rather than from Christ.

▶▶On another note, ~ holding firmly to God's word is our protection against this fallen world.

 \triangleright In Ps. 119:98, ~ the psalmist declares, ~ LEB ~ "Your commands make me wiser than my enemies, because they are ever with me."

 \rightarrow \rightarrow I.e., ~ because God's word was his constant guide. ~~ The implication is that we will not be wiser than our enemies if God's word is not our constant guide.

>>And in the classic passage on God's armor, ~ Paul tells us to "take the sword of the Spirit, which is the word of God." ~~ Of course the greatest example of this was Jesus.

IN VERSES 17-18, ~ WE FIND PAUL'S THIRD EXHORTATION SHOWING US HOW WE are to conduct ourselves in this fallen world, ~ especially in the presence of unbelievers.

PAUL CALLS BELIEVERS TO BE GLAD AND REJOICE IN FACE OF OPPOSITION, ~ EVEN IF it potentially involves martyrdom. ~~ I'll explain.

► Here Paul returns to his theme in 1:27-30 of how believers are to behave in the face of opposition to the gospel.

 $\triangleright \triangleright I.e.$, ~ this 3rd exhortation showing us how to conduct ourselves in the presence of unbelievers specifically deals with our behavior when they oppose us.

▶ Recall from our study of Phil. 1:21-26, ~ that Paul expected to be released, ~ but still held the thought that it might not go the way he expected.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ It was not a prophetic statement, ~ when he said, ~ in 1:25, ~ he would remain and continue in this life. ~~ It was Paul's personal conviction.

► So, ~ most likely Paul's overall thought here in 2:17-18 is this: ~~ 77

DD"But even if I'm wrong about remaining and am martyred in the service of Jesus, ~ I am glad and rejoice and I want you to be glad and rejoice." 11 5/6

▶ Paul was glad and rejoiced despite fierce opposition to the gospel and despite the prospect of being martyred in the service of Jesus.

>>Paul was an example of Rev. 12:11. ~~ "And they have conquered him by the blood of the Lamb and by the word of their testimony, for they loved not their lives even unto death."

 \rightarrow \rightarrow I.e., ~ they did not love their lives so much that they were afraid to die.

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ In the near prospect of martyrdom, ~ Paul had no gloomy thoughts.

 \rightarrow Remember what he said in chapter 1? ~~ To depart and be with Christ is far better.

 \rightarrow Death would not terminate his joy, ~ but accelerate it, ~ as it would admit him to realms where all is calm and joy and peace.

► And he wants us to be glad and rejoice despite opposition to the gospel, ~ even at the prospect of our own martyrdom if it comes to that, ~ 77

Dand to not feel sorry for those believers who give their lives for Christ.

→→Why? ~~ Death in service to Christ is never in vain. ~~ "to die is gain."

CONCLUSION.

THREE EXHORTATIONS SHOWING US HOW WE ARE TO CONDUCT OURSELVES IN THIS fallen world, ~ specifically in the presence of unbelievers.

▶▶Live lives that are glorifying and pleasing to God.

▶ Hold firmly to God's word, ~ no matter what.

▶ Be glad and rejoice in the face opposition to the gospel, ~ even when it potentially involves martyrdom.

 $\triangleright \triangleright My$. . . ~~ let it be said of us, ~ "they did not love their lives so much that they were afraid to die."

LET'S PRAY 6/6