A CALL FOR UNITY, PT. 2; PHIL. 2:2b-4 (Ed O'Leary)

INTRODUCTION.

CONTINUE LOOKING @ DISCUSSION ABOUT UNITY IN VERSES 1-4.

- ▶▶The main idea ~~ Verse 1 ~~ Verse 2a
- ►► And In verses 2b-4, ~ which we'll study today, ~ Paul shows, ~ through a series of five exhortations, ~ 77
 - ▶▶how each of us can help promote, ~ strengthen, ~ and maintain unity within our church.

<u>IN HIS FIRST EXHORTATION, ~ VERSE 2b, ~ PAUL CALLS US TO HAVE THE SAME</u> love for one another.

Loving one another will help promote, ~ strengthen, ~ and maintain unity within our church.

IN EPH. 5:2a, ~ Paul GIVES US A MUCH BROADER PICTURE OF THE EXHORTATION TO love our fellow believers.

- ▶▶"And walk in love, as Christ loved us and gave himself up for us."
- ▶▶"And walk in love". ~~ Believers are to live a life that is filled with and governed by love for our fellow believers.
 - >>Our thinking, ~ attitudes, ~ and behavior are to be characterized by love.
 - \triangleright And love is to become the deciding factor in our choices and the motivating power in our actions.
- ►► And how are we to love one another? ~~ Well, ~ not with just any kind of love. ~~ Paul defines it here. ~~ "as Christ loved us." ~~ Jesus Upper room twice
 - $\triangleright \triangleright So$. . . ~ We are not to love each other with just any kind of love.
 - \rightarrow We are to love each other the way Jesus loves us. \sim I.e., \sim we are to have Christ-like love for one another.
- ▶▶And how did Jesus love us? ~~ He "gave himself up for us."
 - \triangleright Jesus loved us so much that He willingly and unselfishly sacrificed Himself for us on the cross, \sim so that we might have eternal life. \sim Cross reveals depth 11/6

- ►►And we . . . are to reflect that love, ~ Christ-like love, ~ i.e., ~ selfless, ~ sacrificial love, ~ to our fellow believers in our church.
- ►► And Christ-like love for one another in our church will help promote, ~ strengthen, ~ and maintain unity.

IN VERSE 2c, ~ WE HAVE PAUL'S SECOND EXHORTATION.

HE CALLS US TO BE "IN FULL ACCORD AND OF ONE MIND."

▶▶The idea here seems to be that Paul is calling us to live in harmony with one another.

 \triangleright Harmonious relationships between us will help promote, ~ strengthen, ~ and maintain unity within our church.

PAUL ALSO CALL US TO LIVE IN HARMONY WITH ONE ANOTHER IN ROM. 14:19a. ~~ "So then let us pursue what makes for peace."

- ▶▶Paul is calling us here to make every effort to do what promotes peace within our church.
- ▶ David: ~~ "seek peace and pursue it" (Ps. 34:14). ~~ Point is for us to go all out to promote, ~ strengthen, ~ and maintain peace.
- ▶ We should expend our energy on things that will bring harmony, ~ not on things that will produce division or strife.
- MY . . . ~ WE ARE TO MAKE EVERY EFFORT TO HAVE PEACEFUL AND friendly relationships with one another.
 - ▶ We are to have the same respect one for another, ~ to consider everyone as equal, ~ to have the same concern for everyone, ~ and to work together to advance the gospel.
 - $\triangleright \triangleright$ Again, \sim harmonious relationships between us will help promote, \sim strengthen, \sim and maintain unity within our church.

BUT, ~ A NOTE OF CAUTION

IN VERSE 3a, ~ WE HAVE PAUL'S THIRD EXHORTATION.

"DO NOTHING FROM SELFISH AMBITION OR CONCEIT."

▶▶In order to help promote, ~ strengthen, ~ and maintain unity, ~ we must never be motivated or guided by "selfish ambition or conceit." 11 2/6

THE WORD TRANSLATED AS "SELFISH AMBITION" REFERS TO LOOKING OUT FOR AND pursuing only one's own interests.

- ▶▶It is the attitude that evaluates every situation in terms of how it benefits me.
 - $\triangleright \triangleright I.e.$, ~ it's the attitude of "what's in it for me?"
- ▶▶It is also a self-centered attitude bent on gaining advantage and prestige for oneself.
- ▶▶James points out the result of "selfish ambition."
 - >> James 3:16. ~~ "For where jealousy and selfish ambition exist, there will be disorder and every vile practice ~ [i.e., ~ evil of every kind]."
 - >> The local church "where jealousy and selfish ambition exist" is thrown into turmoil.
 - \triangleright Instead of promoting, ~ strengthening, ~ and maintaining unity, ~ these things cause disruption and unruliness.
 - → Instead of creating closer fellowship among church members, ~ they destroy it.

(Display verse 3a) IN ADDITION TO NOT BEING GUIDED BY SELFISH AMBITION, ~ WE are not to be guided by conceit.

- ▶▶Based on my research, ~ it looks like "conceit" refers to three things here.
 - $\triangleright \triangleright 1^{\text{st}}$, ~ insisting that our ideas are always best.
 - $\triangleright \triangleright 2^{nd}$, ~ to the desire to honor ourselves, ~ attract attention, ~ win praise, ~ and advance ourselves.
 - $\triangleright \triangleright$ And 3^{rd} , ~ to having an excessively favorable opinion of our own ability or importance.
- ▶▶I think we might agree that being conceited is not conducive to promoting, ~ strengthening, ~ and maintaining unity in our church.

BOILED DOWN, ~ BEING GUIDED BY "SELFISH AMBITION AND CONCEIT" IS A "ME, ~ me, ~ me" attitude.

- ▶▶ "selfish ambition and conceit" enthrone self instead of God.
- ▶▶They put self in front of others, ~ totally unlike what Jesus did. 11 3/6

▶ Having these sinful motives causes us to care only about our agenda and opinions, \sim to act as if our agenda and opinions are the only ones that count and are right, \sim 77

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ to act as if we are God's gift to the universe, \sim and to promote ourselves, \sim all to the detriment of others.

▶▶Being guided by selfish ambition or conceit will tear a church apart at the seams.

 \triangleright Therefore, ~ they must be avoided like the plague in order to promote, ~ strengthen, ~ and maintain unity.

IN VS. 3b, ~ PAUL'S 4TH EXHORTATION, ~ "IN HUMILITY COUNT OTHERS MORE significant than yourselves." ~~ Doing this will help promote, ~ strengthen, ~ & maintain unity.

HERE WE COULD ASK, ~ "WHAT IS HUMILITY?"

- ▶ Being humble does not mean that we should put ourselves down or have a poor self-image.
- ▶▶And it is not to be confused with false modesty.

 \triangleright I.e., ~ A vain or hypocritical pretense of holding a low or humble opinion of oneself, ~ one's abilities, ~ or one's circumstance ~ so as to encourage others to say the opposite.

▶▶Paul gives us a good definition of humility in Rom. 12:3a.

>> "For by the grace given to me I say to everyone among you not to think of himself more highly than he ought to think, but to think with sober judgment."

 \triangleright \triangleright To think more highly of ourselves than we ought to is a natural human tendency, \sim it's hard wired into our sin nature. \sim The Pharisee

 $\triangleright \triangleright$ But, ~ new creations, ~ so reject that sinful human trait. ~~ Put to death what is earthly in us.

 \triangleright Believers are not to think of ourselves more highly than we ought to think. ~~ Rather, ~ we are to think with sober judgment.

→→Moffatt: ~~ "he must take a sane view of himself."

 \triangleright Humility, ~ Paul points out in Rom. 12:3, ~ is to be honest in our evaluation of ourselves in relation to God and to others. ~~ Tax collector represents humility 11 4/6

- ► Continuing along the lines of the meaning of humility, ~ 77
 - Dit also involves the recognition that it is only by the grace of God we are what we are.
 - >>Paul acknowledged this in 1 Cor. 15:10a. ~~ "But by the grace of God I am what I am."
 - → Paul recognized that he was what he was solely because God poured out his special and undeserved favor on him.
 - \triangleright Evidently, ~ some Christians in Corinth were boasting because of their talents and because of their positions and factions.
 - \rightarrow So Paul put this rhetorical question to them, ~ 1 Cor. 4:7b, ~ "What do you have that you did not receive?"
 - → The obvious answer is that they received all from God and had no right to boast.
 - $\triangleright \triangleright My$... ~ what do we have that we did not receive? ~~ It is solely because God poured out his special and undeserved favor on us we are what we are.
- WE'RE TO HAVE A SANE VIEW OF OURSELVES AND, ~ AS PAUL SAYS AT the end of VS. 3, ~ "count others more significant than" ourselves, ~ which is example of humility on display.
 - ▶ Counting our brothers and sisters in Christ more significant than ourselves means that we put them above ourselves in priority.
 - \triangleright They come first. ~~ We come last. ~~ We give them the place of honor. ~~ Their needs and concerns take precedence over our own.
 - ▶▶Obviously, ~ this is not what the culture in which we live teaches: ~~ "Watch out for #1."
 - $\triangleright \triangleright$ But believers are to do the exact opposite of the worldly culture surrounding us.
 - \rightarrow The people of God are not to be cultural. ~~ We are to be countercultural. ~~ We are to be at variance with the social norm in this fallen world.
 - \rightarrow Our way of life and set of attitudes are to be different than the prevailing way of life and set of attitudes of this present evil age.
 - → We're citizens of heaven & are to live the way citizens of heaven should.
 - \rightarrow And one of the things this means is that we maintain a sane view of ourselves and value our fellow believers above ourselves. 11 5/6

<u>VERSE 4 CONTAINS PAUL'S FIFTH AND FINAL EXHORTATION THAT WHEN followed</u> will help promote, ~ strengthen, ~ and maintain unity.

"LET EACH OF YOU LOOK NOT ONLY TO HIS OWN INTERESTS, but also to the interests of others."

- ▶▶It's important to understand that it's not that believers are not to look out for our own needs and concerns.
 - >>Paul says "look not only" to our own needs. ~~ "only" is a key word here.
- ▶ But we are not to make our needs and concerns a priority to the exclusion of our fellow believers' needs and concerns.
 - >>Our sphere of concern should be broader than ourselves, ~ and should include the needs and concerns of our brothers and sisters in Christ.
- ▶▶In Gal. 6:2, ~ Paul writes, ~ "Bear one another's burdens, and so fulfill the law of Christ."
 - >> The word for "burden" means literally "a heavy weight or stone" someone is required to carry for a long distance.
 - \rightarrow Figuratively it came to mean any oppressive ordeal or hardship that was difficult to bear.
 - >> Burdens come in all sizes and shapes. ~~ And no believer is exempt from them.
 - \rightarrow So we need to help each other carry the heavy weights in our lives that we need to carry for a long distance.

CONCLUSION.

MY . . . ~ CARRYING OUT THESE FIVE EXHORTATIONS IN OUR LIVES WILL HELP promote, ~ strengthen, ~ and maintain unity within our church.

▶▶So let's make every effort to carry them out.

LET'S PRAY 6/6