## FROM DEATH TO LIFE, PT. 3; EPH. 2:3 (Ed O'Leary)

## INTRODUCTION.

THIS MORNING, ~ OUR DETAILED LOOK AT EPH. 2:1-10 CONTINUES.

▶▶To put it briefly, ~ in this paragraph, ~ as we have noted, ~ Paul explains that God has brought Christians from spiritual death to spiritual life by His grace, ~ and His grace alone.

CURRENTLY, ~ WE ARE EXPLORING VERSES 2-3, ~ IN WHICH PAUL DESCRIBES OUR spiritually dead condition prior to salvation.

▶ We have already looked at the first three of the five ways Paul describes our spiritually dead condition.

 $\triangleright \triangleright 1^{st}$ , ~ in vs. 2a, ~ Paul said that, ~ prior to salvation, ~ active sinning characterized our lives. ~~ IOW, ~ in our pre-salvation condition, ~ sinning was a way of life for us.

 $\triangleright \triangleright 2^{nd}$ , ~ in verse 2b, ~ Paul said that, ~ before God saved us, ~ we followed the standards of this present evil world system.

 $\triangleright$ And 3<sup>rd</sup>, ~ in verse 2c, ~ Paul noted that prior to salvation, ~ when we were spiritually dead, ~ we followed Satan.

THIS MORNING, ~ WE WILL TURN OUR ATTENTION TO THE FOURTH AND FIFTH WAYS that Paul describes our spiritually dead condition prior to salvation.

## THE 4th DESCRIPTION OF OUR SPIRITUALLY DEAD CONDITION IS IN VERSE 3a.

PAUL WRITES, ~ "AMONG WHOM WE ALL ONCE LIVED IN THE PASSIONS OF OUR flesh, carrying out the desires of the body and the mind."

▶ Before getting into the details, ~ let's note, ~ and keep in mind as we look at the specifics, ~ that the main point of description is that, ~ prior to salvation, ~ we "lived in the passions of our flesh."

THE PHRASE "AMONG WHOM" REFERS BACK TO "THE SONS OF DISOBEDIENCE" IN verse 2.

 $\blacktriangleright$  To put it differently,  $\sim$  Paul is saying that before we were saved,  $\sim$  we all,  $\sim$  i.e.,  $\sim$  Christians,  $\sim$  too lived the same kind of life as all unbelievers do.

 $\triangleright$  And that is, ~ "in the passions of our flesh." 11 1/8

IT'S IMPORTANT TO UNDERSTAND HERE ~ THAT PAUL IS NOT IMPLYING THAT OUR physical bodies are in any way inherently sinful or evil.

▶ In the context of Eph. 2:1-3, ~ Paul is using "flesh" here as a symbol of our sinful nature, ~ which is fallen and totally infected and corrupted by sin, ~ and that dominated us prior to salvation.

 $\triangleright$ Once again going back to Paul's personal testimony regarding the struggle with sin in his own life, ~ 77

→ Paul says in Rom. 7:18a, ~ and the NIV paraphrase brings it out quite well, ~ For I know that good itself does not dwell in me, ~ that is, ~ in my sinful nature."

>>And Jer. 17:9, ~ speaking of our sin nature, ~ says, ~ NIV, ~ "The heart is deceitful above all things ~ and beyond cure. ~~ Who can understand it?" ~~ I.e., ~ who can understand just how bad our sin nature is? ~~ On human level, ~ no one.

- ▶▶Beyond cure, ~ no good dwells, ~ totally infected and corrupted by sin, ~ fallen.
- ▶▶Our old nature is so bad ~ that God gives us a totally new nature when He saves us.

 $\triangleright \triangleright G$ od does not reform the old nature.  $\sim$  As Jeremiah says,  $\sim$  our old sinful human nature is incurable.

 $\triangleright \triangleright God$  the Holy Spirit creates totally new life in believers,  $\sim$  enabling a life of Godcentered  $\sim$  and God-honoring things.

Do In 2 Cor. 5:17, ~ Paul writes, ~ "Therefore, ~ if anyone is in Christ, ~ he is a new creation. ~ The old has passed away; ~ behold, ~ the new has come.

 $\rightarrow \rightarrow \text{It's}$  not a remodeling or repairing of the old nature.  $\sim \sim$  When we are born again,  $\sim$  we become a totally new person in Christ.

 $\triangleright$ And in Ezek. 36:26, ~ God says, ~ "And I will give you a new heart, ~ and a new spirit I will put within you. ~~ And I will remove the heart of stone from your flesh and give you a heart of flesh."

 $\rightarrow$  "a new heart" and "a new spirit," ~ which by instinct want to please, ~ to live for, ~ and to serve ~ God. ~~ The total opposite of our old nature.

▶▶So Paul is referring to our sinful nature here in verse 3a ~ in his use of the word "flesh."

TO EXPAND THEN ON PAUL'S  $4^{th}$  DESCRIPTION OF OUR SPIRITUALLY DEAD LIFE, ~ he's saying ~ that ~ like all unbelievers, ~ when we were unsaved, ~ we "lived in the passions of our sinful nature."

- ▶▶Again, ~ this is the main point of description.
- ▶ The word for "lived," ~ when Paul says that formerly, ~ we "lived in the passions of our sinful nature," ~ refers to conduct in daily life.
- ▶▶The word "passions" refers to evil desires since they come from our sinful nature.
- ▶ Furthermore, ~ Paul is pointing to us having been dominated by the passions of our sin nature before salvation.
- ▶ Paul is saying that, ~ like all unbelievers, ~ when we were unsaved, ~ we were dominated on a daily basis by our sinful nature and its sinful desires.
  - $\triangleright$ In brief, ~ when we were spiritually dead, ~ we were slaves to our sinful nature and its sinful desires.
- ▶ Being slaves to our sinful nature and its sinful desires further indicates our separation and alienation from ~ and enmity toward, ~ God.
  - $\triangleright$  That's because the sinful nature dominates human behavior in ways which run counter to God's purpose  $\sim$  and is opposed to God and his will.
  - $\triangleright$ Paul points this out clearly in Rom. 8:5-8. ~~ "For those who live according to the flesh set their minds on the things of the flesh ~ [i.e., ~ on what the flesh desires], ~ 77
    - $\rightarrow$  but those who live according to the Spirit set their minds on the things of the Spirit ~ [i.e., ~ on what the Holy Spirit desires]. ~~ 77
      - →→For to set the mind on the flesh is death, ~ but to set the mind on the Spirit is life and peace ~ [i.e., ~ letting your sinful nature control your mind leads to death.

        But letting the Spirit control your mind leads to life and peace]. ~~ 77
        - $\$  [Paul continues] ~ For the mind that is set on the flesh ~ [or, ~ governed by the sinful nature] is hostile to God, ~ for it does not submit to God's law; ~~ indeed, ~ it cannot. ~~ 77
          - $\Rightarrow$  Those who are in the flesh ~ [i.e., ~ those who are still under the control of their sinful nature] ~ cannot please God." 11 3/8

▶ Getting back to Paul's fourth description of our spiritually dead life,  $\sim$  like all unbelievers,  $\sim$  when we were spiritually dead,  $\sim$  we were enslaved on a daily basis by our sinful nature and its sinful desires.

AT THE END OF VERSE 3a, ~ PAUL ADDS THAT, ~ IN OUR SINFUL STATE, ~ WE fulfilled the sin nature's evil desires.

- ▶▶He says that we were "carrying out the desires of the body and the mind."
  - $\triangleright$  "body" here, ~ like "flesh," ~ refers to our sinful nature, ~ not our physical body.
- ▶ By saying "the body and the mind," ~ Paul may have been once again driving home the point of how totally sinful we were.
  - $\triangleright$ Recall, ~ in verse 1, ~ Paul combined the synonyms "trespasses" and "sins" to emphasize the utter sinfulness of our condition prior to our salvation.
    - $\rightarrow \rightarrow Again$ , ~ we said at verse 1 ~ that Paul was saying that we were totally, ~ thoroughly, ~ 100%, ~ [Yes, ~ we got Paul's point] ~ sinful.
  - $\triangleright$ Here at the end of verse 3a,  $\sim$  Paul may be doing the same type of thing with the phrase "of the body and the mind."
    - $\rightarrow \rightarrow$  I.e., ~ he's emphasizing the fact that sinful desires totally, ~ thoroughly, ~ 100% ~ saturated our whole person.
- ▶▶Paul says that when we were spiritually dead, ~ we were "carrying out the desires of the body and the mind."
  - >> The Greek grammar indicates that the word for "carrying out" indicates the habitual carrying out of "the desires of the body and the mind."
    - $\rightarrow \rightarrow IOW$ , ~ this was not <u>occasional</u> behavior ~ but <u>routine</u> behavior for us.
  - $\triangleright$ Reinforces Paul's 1<sup>st</sup> description of our unsaved life, ~ that prior to salvation, ~ sinning was a way of life for us.
- $\blacktriangleright$  To further expand on Paul's fourth description of our spiritually dead life,  $\sim$  like all unbelievers,  $\sim$  77
  - $\triangleright \triangleright$  when we were spiritually dead, ~ we were enslaved on a daily basis by our sinful nature and its sinful desires which saturated our whole person, ~ and we habitually carried those sinful desires out. 11 4/8

>>In Gal. 5:19-21a, ~ NASB ~ Paul lists some of these desires that we carried out.

→ "Now the deeds of the flesh are evident, ~ which are: ~ immorality, ~ impurity, sensuality, ~ idolatry, ~ sorcery, ~ enmities, ~ strife, ~ jealousy, ~ outbursts of anger, disputes, ~ dissensions, ~ factions, ~ envying, ~ drunkenness, ~ carousing, ~ and things like these."

WE WERE ENSLAVED, ~ BUT, ~ THE GOOD NEWS, ~ MY BROTHERS AND SISTERS, ~ IS that we, ~ believers, ~ have been delivered from this slavery.

- ▶▶In Rom. 6:14, ~ Paul says, ~ "For sin will have no dominion over you, ~ since you are not under law but under grace."
  - $\triangleright$  Because we are now under God's grace,  $\sim$  neither sin  $\sim$  nor our sin nature and its sinful desires  $\sim$  is master over us any more.
- ►►And in Rom. 8:2, ~ Paul writes, ~ "For the law of the Spirit of life has set you free in Christ Jesus from the law of sin and death."

HOWEVER, ~ IT IS STILL POSSIBLE FOR CHRISTIANS TO ALLOW THEMSELVES TO BE dominated by the sinful nature and its sinful desires ~ and to carry out those desires.

- ▶ Peter addresses this issue in 1 Pet. 1:14. ~~ He writes, ~ "As obedient children, ~ do not be conformed to the passions of your <u>former ignorance</u> ~ [... refers unsaved life]."
  - >>And the implication is that it is possible for us to still "be conformed to the passions of [our] former ignorance."
  - $\triangleright$ Peter is exhorting us here to no longer yield to the evil desires that were characteristic of,  $\sim$  and that dominated,  $\sim$  our unsaved life.
- ▶ Paul addresses this issue as well in Col. 3:5, ~~ He writes, ~ "Put to death therefore what is earthly in you: ~~ [examples] ~ sexual immorality, ~ impurity, ~ passion, ~ evil desire, ~ and covetousness, ~ which is idolatry."
  - >Paul says that we are to take decisive action against the practices of our unsaved life. ~~ There is to be a permanent separation between us and them. ~~ They are not to be revisited on occasion.
    - $\rightarrow$  What's more, ~ putting to death the practices of the old life ~ is not like a 12-step process ~ today sexual immorality . . . .
      - $\rightarrow$ No, ~ there is to be a clean and undying break with all of the practices. 11 5/8

PAUL WRITES ~ THAT, ~ WHEN WE WERE SPIRITUALLY DEAD, ~ WE "WERE BY NATURE children of wrath, ~ like the rest of mankind ~ [i.e., ~ like all unbelievers]."

- ▶Now, ~ being a child of wrath is not a way of speaking about someone's ill temper. ~~ Paul is not saying that, ~ when were unsaved, ~ we were wrathful or angry children.
  - >> The Greek word for "of wrath" here should be understood as "destined for wrath." ~~ I.e., ~ prior to God saving us through Christ, ~ we were headed straight for God's wrath.
- ► The whole phrase "children of wrath" was a saying that meant those who were subject to, ~ deserving of, ~ and destined for ~ wrath.
  - >>And in the context, ~ "wrath" refers to God's wrath.
  - >>Notice especially ~ the phrase "deserving of." ~~ Not deserve . . . .

OK, ~ TO EXPAND ON PAUL'S 5th DESCRIPTION OF OUR SPIRITUALLY DEAD LIFE, ~ 77

- ▶▶he's saying that, ~ like all unbelievers, ~ when we were unsaved, ~ we "were by nature" subject to, ~ deserving of, ~ and destined for ~ God's wrath.
- ▶Phrase "by nature" refers to our natural condition, ~ in which we are, ~ as Paul puts it in Eph. 2:12, ~ "separated from Christ . . . having no hope and without God in the world."
  - $\triangleright$ I.e., ~ Paul's fifth description of our spiritually dead life ~ is that when we were unsaved, ~ we were in our natural condition. ~~ And in our natural condition, ~ we were subject to, ~ deserving of, ~ and destined for ~ a horrifying and terrible eternity.
    - $\rightarrow$  And that is because  $\sim$  in our natural condition,  $\sim$  we were spiritually dead and sinners.  $\sim$  And spiritually dead sinners are subject to,  $\sim$  deserving of,  $\sim$  and destined for  $\sim$  God's wrath.
- ►► Most likely Paul is alluding here to the doctrine of original sin. //~~ Sin's entrance through Adam ~ brought about a sinful nature in all humanity.
  - Do In Rom. 5:12, ~ Paul writes, ~ LEB, ~ "Because of this, ~ just as sin entered into the world through one man, ~ and death through sin, ~ so also death spread to all people because all sinned."
- ▶ Peter points to the doctrine of original sin as well. ~~ In 1 Pet. 1:18, ~ Peter refers to our sinful, ~ unsaved life, ~ as our "futile way of life inherited from your ancestors." 1 6/8

- $\triangleright \triangleright Grk$ . word translated "inherited from . . . ancestors" means "delivered down from one's fathers,  $\sim$  handed down from ancestors,  $\sim$  hereditary."
  - $\rightarrow$ Peter is most likely referring here to the hereditary chain of sin begun by Adam and Eve  $\sim$  and passed down from generation to generation.
- ►► And in Ps. 51:5, ~ David wrote, ~ NASB ~ "Behold, ~ I was brought forth in iniquity, ~ And in sin my mother conceived me."
  - $\triangleright$  David is not suggesting that his mother was committing sin,  $\sim$  like adultery,  $\sim$  here.  $\sim$  His focus was not actually on his mother  $\sim$  but on himself.  $\sim$  Ps. 51 confession . . . .
  - $\triangleright$  The verse could be translated as, ~ "Look, ~ I was guilty of sin from birth, ~ a sinner the moment my mother conceived me." NET
  - $\triangleright$ David's point here  $\sim$  is that  $\sim$  he entered the world a sinner by nature  $\sim$  long before he became one in action.
  - >>And notice exactly what David says: ~~ "a sinner from the moment my mother conceived me."
    - → We see that David traced his sinfulness all the way back to the moment he came into existence.
      - → We are lost from the moment we come into existence.
- ► Human beings in our natural condition ~ are sinful, ~~ hostile to and estranged from God, ~~ and subject to, ~ deserving of, ~ and destined for ~ His wrath.
  - $\triangleright$  We had a big problem. ~~ But the good news is that Jesus suffered and died on the cross to provide a solution to that problem.
  - $\triangleright$  The most excellent news,  $\sim$  my fellow believers,  $\sim$  is that,  $\sim$  as Paul puts it in 1 Thess. 1:10,  $\sim$  Jesus "delivers us  $\sim$  [i.e.,  $\sim$  believers]  $\sim$  from the wrath to come."
  - $\rightarrow$  And in 1 Thess. 5:9-10,  $\sim$  Paul writes,  $\sim$  "For God has not destined us for wrath,  $\sim$  but to obtain salvation through our Lord Jesus Christ,  $\sim$  who died for us so that whether we are awake or asleep we might live with him."
    - $\rightarrow$  And all those who confess with their mouth that Jesus is Lord, ~ and believe in their heart that God raise Him from the dead, ~ will be delivered from the wrath of God! 11 7/8

## CONCLUSION.

ACCORDING TO PAUL IN VERSES 1-3, ~ PRIOR TO SALVATION, ~ WE WERE SPIRITUALLY dead, ~ because of our trespasses and sins.

▶ We were 100% sinful, ~ sinning was a way of life for us, ~ we were following the standards of this "present evil age," ~ we were following Satan, ~ 77

Dowe were enslaved to our sinful nature and its sinful desires ~ and we carried those sinful desires out.

 $\rightarrow \rightarrow$  And, ~ tragically, ~ we were lost, ~ and we were subject to, ~ deserving of, ~ and destined for ~ a horrifying and terrible eternity from the moment we came into existence.

MY FELLOW BELIEVERS, ~ WE WERE IN THIS HORRIBLY SINFUL, ~ HELPLESS, ~ AND hopeless condition, ~ and headed for an eternity separated from God.

▶ But God, ~ because He is "rich in mercy," ~ and because of "the great love with which he loved us," ~ acted on our behalf! ~~ And we'll begin to talk about this next week.

 $\triangleright \triangleright \mathsf{So}$ , ~ stay tuned!

LET'S PRAY .... 8/8